FAMILY GROUP RECORD

HUSBAND MARK Dees

Born C. 1790 - 1800 Place

Chr. Place

Marr. Place

Died 19 NOV 1856 Place Lived Conecuh Co. ALA.

Bur. Place

HUSBAND'S FATHER

HUSBAND'S MOTHER

HUSBAND'S OTHER WIVES

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WIFE Jane Pippins

Born 10 MAY 1801 Place

Chr. Place

Died 20 Sept 1870 Place

Bur. Place

WIFE'S FATHER Asa Pippins b. 1760 N.C.

WIFE'S MOTHER

WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS

SEX M/F	CHILDREN (List Each Child Whether Living or Dead) in Order of Birth — SURNAME (CAPITALIZED)	GIVEN NAMES	WHEN BORN DAY	MONTH	YEAR	WHERE BORN TOWN	COUNTY	STATE OR COUNTRY	DATE OF FIRST MARRIAGE TO WHOM	WHEN DIED DAY	MONTH	YEAR
1	COLVIN ELIAS		31	OCT	1819			S.C.	Mary Charlotte Tippins 28 MAY 1860	15.	NOV	1869
4	John P. I		4	Feb.	1939				MARY J. FORT			
3												
4												
5												
6												
7												
8												
9												
10												
11												

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

#3 Buried JACKSON CREEK
#4 buried Jackson Creek

OTHER MARRIAGES

Joel Dees II

B. Johnston co.N.C. or Edgefield Co. S. C. about 1790
D. 1840-1850 in Baldwin County Ala.
M. Susan Williams-B. 1793-Edgefield Co. S.C.
D. Prior to 1850

Joel Dees II served in the War of 1812 in 1813 and 1814 in S.C.
(Folder #271 in the Adjutant-General's Office in Washington)

Joel Dees II was living in Baldwin Co. Ala. with his father and brother James in 1830 and 1840.

Children

Lucinda
John
William
Wiseman
Ellen
George
Crecie
Betsy
Simmie
Thomas

Brother--James Dees

James Dees

Father-- Joel Dees I
B. April 14, 1749 - Johnston Co. N.
D. March 28, 1846 - Baldwin Co. Ala
M. Tabitha

Mother -- Tabitha

Sisters - possibly 2

Information from Historical Southern Families, Volume XVI, pp. 184-5 and Volume XVIII, pp. 10-12.

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WILLIAM DEAS/DEES

William Deas was born around the year 1820. He was the son of Joel and Susan Williams Deas Jr. William Deas married Eliza Rester in Mobile County, Alabama on 12 November 1844. She was the daughter of David and Barbary Rester. Soon after they married they moved to Hancock County, Mississippi. The 1850 Hancock County, Mississippi census shows William and Eliza Deas living next to Eliza's parents in Hancock County, Mississippi. By 1860 William and Eliza had moved back to Mobile County, Alabama. The 1870 Census for Washington County, Alabama shows the William Deas family residing there for a short period of time. By 1880 the family was on the move again. This time they moved to Jackson County, Mississippi. They are located on the 1880 Jackson County, Mississippi census. Finally they return to and settled in Mobile County, Alabama. William Deas was dead by 1900. His widow Eliza Rester Deas is found on the 1900 census for Mobile County. She was living in the area of present day Tanner-Williams, Alabama.

William and Eliza Rester Deas had at least nine children. They are Joseph who married Mary Ann Skelly; Jackson who married Nancy Sanford; Lucinda; Elisha who married Rebecca Grimes; Willie; Lucretia "Creasey" who married Ramson Morgan; David; Martha Ann who married James W. Morgan; and William Jr. William jr. married twice. He married first Elizabeth Jackson on 17 January 1887 and he married second Mary Almedee Rester on 29 November 1900.

The following is a break down of the children and grandchildren of William and Eliza Rester Deas. The oldest child of William and Eliza was Joseph Deas. He and his wife Mary Skelly had at least seven children: John Wesley; Pleasant; Eugene; George; Henry; Martin; and Sidney Deas.

Their son Jackson Deas and his wife Nancy had at least eight children: William R.; Mary Melissa; Joseph Wesley; Rosaline; Columbus; Charlie; Nancy; and Lamuel Deas.

Their third child Elisha Deas and his wife Rebecca had at least six children: William F.; Elizabeth; Nancy; Marion; Lewis; and Frank Deas

Their fourth child Lucretia and her husband Ramson Morgan had at least three sons: Edward; Lee Ramson; and Lawrence Morgan. The two youngest sons were raised by their grandmother Eliza Rester Deas after their mother died.

William and Eliza's youngest child was William Jr. William Jr. married first Elizabeth Jackson. She was the daughter of Thomas and Nancy Walker Jackson. William Jr. and Elizabeth had one daughter named Hattie Deas. William Jr. married next Mary Almedee Rester. She was the daughter of Eddins and Sarah Ann Missouri Dearman Rester. With his second wife William Jr. had six children: Ella; Lonnie; Ellis; Roxie; Hardy; and Corrine Deas.

Most of the Deas/Dees family is buried in the Deas/Dees Cemetery that is located in Tanner-Williams,Mobile County, Alabama. Some early records call the cemetery the Rester Cemetery. It is located on land that was owned by Eliza Rester Deas father David Rester and her brother Jackson Rester in the 1830's and the 1840's. (504 words). Submitted by Jaynie Voelz. Written by Don Middleton, 1751 Mack Hinton Road, Wilmer, Alabama, 36587. Sources: Mobile County, Alabama Census, Marriage ,Probate, and Cemetery records; Jackson County, Mississippi Public Library Family Files; and Mississippi Census Records.

Don Middleton '97
4301 Ginger Cove Drive #E
Tampa, FL 33634
1-813-882-9816

Pascagoula Public Library
Local History & Genealogy Department
Dees #3 Family History

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Official + Stat. Register 1908

JACKSON COUNTY.

Mark Ashley Dees.

MARK ASHLEY DEES, of Scranton, was born August 27, 1846, near Pollard, Conecuh County, Ala., the son of Calvin Elias Dees and wife, Mary Charlotte (Tippins) Dees. Paternal ancestors lived in South Carolina, maternal in Florida and Alabama. Mr. Dees attended the country schools of Mobile County, Ala., and of Jackson County, Miss.; he had no opportunity for a collegiate education. He has been occupied as a railroad contractor, a saw-mill operator and inventor; he served in the State Legislature from 1896 to 1900, as Floater Representative for Jackson and Harrison Counties. Mr. Dees has devoted both time and means to the effort toward constructing at Pascagoula a great deep-water port for the State of Mississippi; he is a Democrat, a Baptist and member of the Knights of Honor, and was elected to the House of Representatives November 5, 1907. He was married in 1870, at Moss Point, Miss., to Annie Starkey Hill, daughter of Thomas Hill and wife, Martha (Moore) Hill, of Newbern, Ala. His wife's family on both sides came from North Carolina. Mr. and Mrs. Dees have eight children: Thomas Moore Dees, of Midlothian, Tex.; Mark Ashley Dees, Jr., also of Midlothian; Pattie (Dees) Hopson, of Roff, Okla.; Adelle Rand (Dees) King, of Midlothian; Daisy May and Annie Starkey Dees, teachers; Beatrix and Lorraine Dees, at school.

JASPER COUNTY.

Milton Alexander Lewis.

MILTON ALEXANDER LEWIS, of Rose Hill, was born December 19, 1863, at that place, the son of Alexander Lewis and wife, Amanda Fitzallen (Ryan) Lewis. His paternal ancestors came from Virginia to Georgia in the early part of the last century; his great-grandfather, Walden Lewis, fought in the Indian wars. Maternal line was of Irish stock. His father was a Confederate soldier and served four years under Joseph E. Johnston. Mr. Lewis was educated in the schools of his native town, attending the Rose Hill High School when it was taught by Captain W. C. Day. His occupations have been those of commercial traveler and farmer; was elected to the House of Representatives November 5, 1907. He is a Democrat, a member of the M. E. Church, South, and of the Woodmen of the World. He was married February 1, 1900, at Meridian, to Minnie Lee Beason, daughter of Richard and Julia Beason, of that city. Mr. and Mrs. Lewis have four children: Amanda Fitzallen, Homer, Pauline and Milton Alexander, Jr.

JEFFERSON DAVIS COUNTY.

Joseph Oliver Cowart.

JOSEPH OLIVER COWART, of Prentiss, was born May 18, 1871, at Cross Roads, Jackson County, Miss., the son of Dr. James Cowart and wife, Alletha Roselle (Moody) Cowart. Both parents were native Mississippians. Mr. Cowart attended the common schools of Jackson County; Mississippi College in 1901, but remained for one session only; later, took a law course at Millsaps College, received his degree and was admitted to the bar in 1903; was elected to the House of Representatives November 5, 1907. Mr.

Markus Aurelius Dees M. A. Dees

Vol. 53 No. 47
Jan 7, 1898
~~Oct 15, 1897~~ Floater Representative of Jackson and Harrison Counties in Mississippi Legislature

Vol. 3 No. 36
Aug 28, 1875 - We had the pleasure of drinking on Tuesday morning, to the health and ~~property~~ prosperity of the new heir to the name and fortunes of the house of Mark Dees. May he long live and make a MARK in the world.

Feb 15, 1878 Should you see a man who is looking for a place where he may purchase clothing, boots, shoes, hats, etc. low down for the Cash, send him to the store of M. A. Dees.

Oct. 11, 1878 Store Opening.
Wednesday night about twelve o'clock thieves broke into the store of Mr. M. A. Dees, at this place, and got off with about $50 worth of tobacco, Knives, Jewelry, etc. The effected an entrance through one of the front windows by unscrewing a large bolt which held the bar securing the shutter, after which they removed the shutter, broke a pane of glass, loosed the fastenings over the window, and entered. Mr. Richard Ryder, in passing, noticed the window open and ~~broke~~ awoke the clerks, thereby, disturbing the thieves, who made a hasty escape. Had they not been disturbed there is no telling how much they would have gotten off with.

5-15-1875 advertisement

788 Sharon Hills Dr
Biloxi, MS 39532
February 4, 1992

Mrs. Hazel Nicholson
26 Robinwood Place
Purvis, MS 39475

Dear Hazel,

I don't know if you remember me or not. You helped me immeasurably with my Sutton-Tilden lines, then put me in touch with Fred Williams. He sent me reams of information, some of it going back to the 1300s. He was just wonderful, sent my check back, wrote wonderfully interesting letters.

I heard from him this past Christmas; his writing was just as it had always been. He had a stroke or strokes several years ago. I wrote him a note yesterday, I think. I saw a query from a Eunice Barrowin San Antonio; she had worked on the Barrow line with him.

I found your address with the FAMILY TREES column when I saw Patricia's query re a Benjamin Dease of South Carolina.

My children have a Dees line through their father, James V. Anderson of Covington. His mother was Eliz. Leona Dees, dau of Calvin M. Dees. Calvin was the son of John Terrell Dees (mar. Eliz. "Betsy" Miller.) John Terrell Dees was the son of Athur Dees, wf Lucy Terrell/ Arthur Dees was tje spm pf a Harmon Dees , wf Mary; Harmon was born 1743/48 Bertie Co NC and d. Sumter Co, SC. He was the son of William Dees, b. James City Co, VA, son of Emanuel Dees, b. Scotland.

NEXT DAY!

This Dees line is probably not connected to the one your daughter if researching.

I hope that all if well with you and that you like being back in Mississippi.

I don't get out much to do genealogy any more; had several strokes last summer.

Take care.

Affectionately,

Mary Ella

Mary Ella Greenway

NORTH JACKSON COUNTY

The Democrat Star
June 27, 1890
Scranton, Mississippi

DIGESTIA SPRINGS

Moss Point, Miss., June 24, 1890

Editor Democrat Star:

Myself and family have just returned from a three week's stay at the Iron and sulphur springs, four miles north of Moss Point, and in the neighborhood of Cunningham's Bluff and Vice's Mill. There are eight or ten ice cold springs there, all strong with iron or sulphur, or both, besides containing other minerals. As these springs have had no name, and as they are a perfect and almost an immediate cure for dyspepsia or indigestion, I suggest the name "Digestia" I went there almost prostrated with dyspepsia, not daring before I went there to eat anything but the lightest food. Several of my family were suffering in the same way. Since drinking these waters, my family and myself have eaten of everything that came before us without any want of digestion. These waters give anyone a ravenous appetite for food, but almost no desire for water, yet any one can drink a half gallon of it without any bad effects.

All our local physicians recommended these waters, and at least one of them claim they are as good as Healing Springs.

Many of our citizens send regularly for these waters. As yet they are free to all. Myself and family are under many obligations to Mr. Sam Oliver for kindness shown us while there. Knowing these waters, if used, will benefit any one who is troubled with indigestion, flux, or other bowel and stomach disease, I write this that your many readers may have a chance to test them.

M. A. DEES

M. A. Dees

10-16-1897 M.P. It is now hinted that someone is trying to induce Bro. Dees to write another newspaper article

– State Quarantine Officer Hon. M.A. Dees is surely doing effective work so far as quarantine restrictions are concerned. He has been getting a good many letters at Dantzler's office, but he can't find out who writes them.

June 17, 1904 Mr. M. A. Dees, secretary of the Pascagoula Commercial Club, left Tuesday for St. Louis to promote the advantages of Pascagoula as a deep water outlet to the gulf.

M. A. Dees

Pascagoula Democrat-Star
March 8, 1895

My Vindication

Editor Democrat-Star

No doubt thousands of your readers would be glad to see the Supreme Court's opinion as given below. Will you kindly publish it. As I had no counsel in this case, and filed my own defective pleadings, the case must have been a very clear one to secure such an opinion. The "Pastor" referred to in the opinion is Elder J. O. Green, originally from near Brookhaven, Miss., but in the year 1892 pastor of the Moss Point Baptist church, and now some where in Texas.

Respectfully,

Mark Ashley Dees
Moss Point, Miss., March 5, 1895

Hon. Tim E. Cooper, Chief Justice.
Hons. Thomas H. Woods and Albert H. Whitfield, Associate Justices

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On the 25th day of February 1895, the following opinion was delivered by the Court:

No. 8058	M. A. Dees	Chancery Court
	vs.	of
Moss Point Baptist Ch. al		Jackson Co.

Woods, J., delivered the opinion of the Court.

The appellant exhibited his bill in the Chancery Court of Jackson County against the Moss Point Baptist Church, as we understand his wholly inartificial pleading, with a two fold object viz: to fasten a charge of about $1400 upon the church building of the appellee, and for a reversal of the action of said Moss Point Baptist church in excluding him from its membership.

It appears that in the year 1874, Mr. Dees and two or three other men, and about a score of pious women united in the organization of "The Baptist Church of Jesus Christ at Moss Point." The infant church was few in numbers and poor in earthly possessions but, nothing daunted by these apparent discouragements they resolved to build a house of

worship according to certain plans and specifications at an estimated cost of about $2,000. A subscription list to that end of about $450 only, was secured, and despite this poor beginning, the work was begun in faith and hope. Its prosecution was counted almost wholly to the hands of one courageous ruggedly resolute man, M. A. Dees. His interest in the work was consuming and his zeal was unflagging. His own subscription to the building fund of $100 it is needless for us to say, was promptly paid, and counting this and adding the subscriptions paid by others, the sum of $450 was all that could be secured. But what was $450 in the construction of an edifice which was to cost $2000? To accomplish his heart's desire, Mr. Dees gave his services, his time, and when funds failed out of his own means advanced nearly $1400 to carry to completion this house to be dedicated to the worship of Almighty God. It is safe to say that, but for the devoted zeal of this devout man, the undertaking would have miserably failed. And when his ardent hopes had their full fruition in the dedication of a completed house to the Lord's service, he then gave his love, his time, his labors to the upbuilding of this church, which he had been chiefly instrumental in planting. As a deacon, as a Sunday-school Superintendent and as an active, aggressive member, it is no exaggeration to say he fairly carried the church.

He was earnest, prayerful, and blameless in his life in the church, and in the world. That he had some infirmities is plain. He was positive in his views of doctrine and government in the church, and he was free and dogmatic in announcing them. He was a Baptist of pronounced type, and he annoyed and displeased some in and out of his church. The man of vehement temperament and high spirit and fixed opinions meets opposition and often makes enemies. But his spiritual life so far as we are capable of judging from the record before us was blameless and his character as a moral man above all suspicions.

Without previous notice with no hint of any charges to be that day made against him he was on Sunday, April 3, 1892, hastily, unjustly, and ruthlessly excommunicated, under the leadership of the pastor, by a pitiful vote of nine members, out of a total of about fifty. And this was done in pursuance of a pre-concerted, secret cacus agreement of the pastor and a few members entered into the night previous thereto.

It seems to us that this cruel wrong done a brother may be within the letter of the constitution and laws of that particular church, but it was wholly foreign to its spirit, as well as to the spirit of Christian charity and fellowship.

The Baptist Church at Moss Point was and is in government and discipline, a pure democracy. Its determination of questions of doctrine and discipline is exclusive and final. There is no appeal to any superior ecclesiastical court, and over things spiritual, or ecclesiastical, the civil courts, ordinarily, may not take jurisdiction. The civil government must be free from all ecclesiastical interference, and the church of Jesus Christ, except in property rights, is not to be controlled by State authority. Every person uniting with the Baptist church, impliedly or expressly covenants, obedience to its laws, and by that covenant, this appellant is bound. We cannot reverse the action of the church in excluding him, and he is without direct redress by appeal to a higher ecclesiastical tribunal by the very constitution of the church of his love.

If we had jurisdiction in matters ecclesiastical, (and we thank God we have not), the order of excommunication, in this gainful case should be reversed and rescinded for a

more petty, unfair, and unjust exhibition of religious tyranny can hardly be imagined. Let the unhappy appellant console himself by the reflection that to the secular mind the strongest proof of the divine origin of the church of God on earth and its final triumph is to be found in its survival of all the follies and crimes of its ministers and members.

In questions involving property rights in church organizations, the civil power has jurisdiction, and is and of right in this free land ought to be supreme.

That Mr. Dees advanced, not gave, nearly $1400 out of his own pocket, to build and suitably furnish the church house, is certain. The decree of the special chancellor or finds, and we heartedly concur in that finding. That he never afterwards gave it, we are sure, and here in we disagree with the court below. When and where and in what way did he give it? Where is the receipt given, or the acquittance signed by the appellant? It does not exist. The vague unsatisfactory statement of one or more of the witnesses for appellee that Mr. Dees somewhere and at some time SAID he had given this munificent advancement to the church cannot over throw the records of the church, showing a balance due M. A. Dees of about $1400, and all the other evidence in the case, on this point. That this loyal and devoted Baptist would never have resorted to the courts of the country to compel payment of the large sum advanced by him, but for his miserable explusion from the church, we have no doubt, but that is to his everlasting credit, and it in no way shows that he ever GAVE the advancement to this church which he so much loved.

There is another hard, though perfectly legal defense, set up, in the plea, by way of answer, of the church at Moss Point, of the statute of limitations, which stands in the way of a reversal. In a noble spirit of devotedness to this particular church of his affections, the appellant for more than fifteen years forbore to make any demand for payment of his large debt, and this plea of the statue of limitations presents an insurmountable obstacle to appellant's s successful assertion to his right to fix a lean for advancements upon the property. The appellant, during all these long years, was a mere trustee of the dry, legal title to the property. He was not in possession of the property in the execution of an active trust, making repairs and necessary improvements, for which he might demand repayment of the owner on the execution and surrender of his trust; he was the simple depository of the naked, legal title, and his wonderful forbearance to even make demand for payment of his poor and struggling brethren has subjected his claim to the bar of the statute of limitations.

We regret that, under the law we cannot give him even this relief. His compensation must come from a consciousness of a high duty nobly performed by him; from the approval of his course by the good and wise preachers of his church, who have borne striking evidence to his character as a man and a church member; and from that profound sympathy of this court for him in his old age.

We regret that our duty compels an affirmance of the decree of the court below, but not upon the ground given for that decree by the court.

AFFIRMER

Pascagoula Democrat-Star
M. A. Dees

March 22, 1895

Editor Democrat-Star

As most all other prominent citizens are aspiring for some office, and as all the others have been urged, and implored by "many voters," or "many friends," to sacrifice themselves the alters of their country, and as I have waited until the "eleventh hour," and no voter, or friend has ever hinted at the fact that I would be a good "Lamb Meet for the Sacrifice," any wife and children and myself have had a convention, and are impressed with the conviction, that this whole country is on the road to the "Demnition Row Wows," and the only salvation for it, is to raise me to the grand position of "Floater" for Harrison, and Jackson counties. Being "unhonored and unknown," it may be necessary for me to declare my position on the great questions of the day.

Being a married man, of course, I am in favor of matrimony, and as we have eight good healthy children, I think I can say that marriage is not a failury.

Politically, I am a "white man" and as such would at least for the present: vote with the Democratic party, especially as there is not other party to vote with.

Religiously, I am a christian notice I spell the word with small letters but would not object to a Turk, or Mohammedan sitting in the next seat to me, in the Legislature.

Denominationally, I am a Baptist, yet as such. I always put Chirst before the Church and blood before water.

ECCLESIASTICALLY, I contend that the humblest old, poor and illiterate sister in any church is as big as Henry Ward Beacher, or the pope of Rome.

THE TEMPERANCE QUESTION. It is well known that I am "tooth and ote-nail," against the sale of liquor yet I contend that all legislative acts and community was against the sale should be made in open and fair ways.

Finance. All I can promise in this line is that if elected I will draw my salary as promptly as the embarrassing circumstances will permit; and as our state Legislatures have no power to coin money this seems to me is about all I could do in the finance line, while acting statesman in a state Legislature. After I have been in the Legislature one term you will, no doubt send me to the U. S. Senate and by that time I will have secured my diploma in finance.

ON THE TARIFF Question - I will say that I will also attend to this when I go to the U. S. Senate. In the meantime, I wish to assure those who don't know enough to vote for me, that I have been studying this question for twenty years and have sat at the feet of Ben Butler, J. G. Blaine, Sam Randell and other great tariff teachers, and have at least learned that the word tariff, was taken from Tarilla a practical town in old Spain, so you see Iknow a great deal about this great question and much more than "many voters" do.

Ger. Immergration. Now you strike me right. I am in favor of taking any reasonable steps to secure to our fair coast and in fact our whole State, every intelligent industrious white immigrant possibly and to this end and for this purpose is my only desire to be elected.

PROGRESSIVENESS. I am in favor of all legislative and municipal encourages

meant to all industries especially in the way of manufacturing any and all kinds of raw material, growing or grown in our state.

Capitol and Labor. I favor all safe guards and protection to investments, or non-residents Jew or gentile, yet I fully endorse the "Income Tax and would like to go one step further and get a "Graduated" income tax. I have all my life been an employer and not an employee, and plead guilty to the self imposed charge that I have worked laborers fourteen hours a day in saw mills. Yet I claim that was away back in the "dark ages" when we knew no better and today if I could be instrumental in making TEN hours a legal day's work in all branches of industry in this state excepting of course, such as farm work and other similar kinds, I would feel that when the "Master" comes to reward and punish I would at least have an "offset" against the charge of having worked my poor laborers twelve to fourteen hours for a days work.

EDUCATION. I have but little of this myself, hence I can appreciate the want of it, and if I ever get to the Legislature, that great body of statesman must provide the means and plans for not less than eight months free school each year, and in order to do this, I favor the educable age to be put from eight to sixteen, instead of five to twenty-one as now.

FAIR Honest Elections and Ballot Reform. I am fully convinced that generally speaking, political canvassing, in nation, State and County is rotten to the core and many votes are bought, and that in many ways; and while I would like to be elected so as to do something for our Coast and State, I would not "treat" one voter or spend a dollar, if by so doing, my election could be assured. The printer's bill is about the only bill or expense that I shall pay. I would hold in contempt any vote that I could buy.

CONCLUSION. I was in Massachusetts when Gen. B. F. Butler ran for Governor. He was very unpopular, yet he was elected. When his supporters were asked why they were voting for Butler they answered, they just wanted to see what the "old man would do." I presume I am the most unpopular man on the Coast, and as our other legislators generally Did Nothing. I promise to do Something even if I have to do wrong, so I thought you may elect me, just to see what I would do. If I can't make the Legislature do anything else, I will make them expel or excommunicate me.

Now, Mr. Editor, I have "hit every subject, and every class of men except those fellows who are candidates, just because so "many voters" beg them to be and in order to make them "pay the fiddler." I ask that you make each one of them do as I have done and fully define, their positions on all these great questions, in not less than a half column to each one, in your viable paper, not forgetting to make each one do as I have, and pay you full advertising rates for same. With longing eyes toward the capitol.

I am yours,
M. A. Dees
Moss Point, Miss, March 18, 1895

Pascagoula Public Library
Local History & Genealogy Department
Dees #3 Family History

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

MARK A. DEES, OF SCRANTON, MISSISSIPPI.

IMPROVEMENT IN TRUCKS FOR LOADING LOCOMOTIVE-TENDERS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. **220,353**, dated October 7, 1879; application filed July 2, 1879.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, MARK A. DEES, of Scranton, in the county of Jackson and State of Mississippi, have invented a new and Improved Truck for Supplying Fuel to Locomotive-Tenders, of which the following is a specification.

The object of my invention is to construct apparatus for loading wood or coal upon locomotive-tenders in the required quantity at once in place of tossing the fuel by hand, as usually practiced, thereby saving time, and, in the case of wood, packing it more closely on the tender.

My invention consists in a truck adapted for being moved on a track by means of a rack and pinion, whereby one end may be projected over the tender, and fitted at its end with a tilting platform for receiving the fuel and discharging it.

The construction and operation will be more particularly described in connection with the accompanying drawings, wherein—

Figure 1 is a plan view of the apparatus adapted for loading wood. Fig. 2 is a vertical longitudinal section of the same on line *x x* of Fig. 1.

Similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts.

A is a tramway, which is to be laid permanently at the usual or desired place for supplying the locomotive with fuel, and preferably at a "cut," so that the tramway will be about on a level with the top of the tender. It may, however, be raised by suitable supports to the desired level, and inclined planes or platforms may be built, on which the wood can be rolled up with wheelbarrows to the truck.

The tracks *a a* consist of wooden or iron rails, and are laid at right angles to the railroad-track, the inner ends of the rails *a* terminating near the main track.

Upon the tracks *a* is a truck, B, supported by three pairs of wheels, *b*, one pair at each end and a pair intermediately and near the inner end.

Upon the side rails of truck B racks *c c* are fitted, and upon a cross-shaft, *d*, that is fitted above the truck in the fixed bearings *e*, are pinions *f f*, which mesh with racks *c c*.

The shaft *d* is provided with a crank-handle, so that it may be turned and the truck B thereby moved back and forth on the tracks *a*.

Upon the inner end of truck B is hung a platform, *g*, by eyes, staples, or other suitable devices, which permit the platform to swing forward and back. These hinge-connections are placed about midway of the platform, so that one end of the platform projects over the end of the truck.

The platform is prevented from tipping, when loaded, by a spring-latch, *h*, which is connected to a sliding bar, *i*, that is hung on truck B. This bar *i* is connected by a cord or chain with a trigger, *k*, attached upon the outer end of the truck, by which the latch can be released.

Upon the back end of the platform *g* are fixed stanchions *l l*, upon the top of which levers *m m* are hung. These levers *m* carry at one end swinging stanchions *n n*, which are provided with pins at their swinging end for entering holes in the forward end of the platform, so that the wood may be piled upon the platform, and the stanchions *l n* will retain the same in place, as shown in Fig. 2. To the opposite end of the lever *m* chains *o* are connected, which are also attached to the truck, and there are also chains *p* connected with the truck and platform for limiting the forward tilting movement of the latter.

When the tender is to be supplied with fuel, the truck B, carrying the wood piled upon the platform, is moved forward on the tracks *a* by means of the gearing.

The inner end of the truck will usually be projected beyond the end of tracks *a*, as shown in Fig. 2, and the platform *g* be thereby brought over the tender. When this position is reached the trigger *k* comes in contact with the shaft *d*, releasing the latch *h*, and the platform being overbalanced by the wood it is tilted forward. When partly over the chains D pull out the stanchions *n*, and the load falls into the tender. The platform *g* then returns to place, and the truck is run back for loading.

By these means the fuel can be loaded on a tender with a great saving of time and labor over methods heretofore practiced, and the wood will also be piled on the tender more compactly, so that a larger quantity can be loaded.

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

MARK A. DEES, OF SCRANTON, MISSISSIPPI.

DEVICE FOR SUPPORTING A LAMP AND SWING-BRUSH.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 225,807, dated March 23, 1880.

Application filed January 7, 1880.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, MARK A. DEES, of Scranton, Jackson county, State of Mississippi, have invented a new Improvement in a Device for Supporting a Lamp and Swing-Brush, of which the following is a specification.

The object of my invention is to construct and fit chandeliers in a manner to permit their use during the day as brushes for keeping tables free from flies.

Figure 1 is a sectional elevation of an apartment fitted with my combined chandelier and fly-brush. Fig. 2 is a front elevation of the chandelier.

Similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts.

The chandelier A consists of an open frame of the required size, and of any desired form or material, fitted with a basket, *a*, to receive a lamp-fountain or gas-jet, in the usual manner.

The chandelier is attached by means of a set-screw, *a'*, to a bar, *b'*, that is hung by a knuckle-joint to the hanger *b*, that is attached firmly to the ceiling of the apartment, as illustrated by Fig. 1.

At one side of the apartment, near the ceiling, an angle-lever, *c*, is hung in a suitable support, from one arm of which lever a wire or cord, *e*, passes to and is connected with the chandelier-bar *b*. From the other arm of lever *c* a cord or wire, *f*, passes to a second angle-lever, *g*, that is preferably fitted beneath the floor of the apartment, and from lever *g* a cord or wire, *h*, passes to a lever, *i*, that projects upward through an aperture in the floor, and is fitted with a foot-piece, *k*, so that it may be used as a treadle.

The lever *i*, or a pitman that leads to an angle-lever, is to be placed in a position for convenient operation by a person sitting at the table, and so as to be covered by the table.

When it is desired to use the chandelier as a brush for keeping flies from the table, the lamp may be removed and the chandelier given a swinging motion by means of the treadle. The connections will be fitted so that the brush will swing over only the center portion of the table, and such movement can be given with but slight effort on the part of the operator.

To render the apparatus more effective as a brush, banners or tufts of suitable material are to be attached to the chandelier, as shown at *l*, which will remain permanently, and will not be liable to injure or upset articles on the table.

The chandelier may be adjusted on the bar *b* according to the height of the ceiling and table.

I do not limit myself to the details of construction exactly as shown and described, as the connections and devices for swinging the brush may be varied both in construction and position.

During the day-time, when the lamp-fountain is not in the basket, there may be flowers or fruit placed therein.

The device can be used as well with gas as with oil by having a flexible piece of hose or pipe where the bar *b* joins the ceiling.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

An adjustable frame adapted, substantially as shown and described, to support a lamp and brush, in combination with the treadle, rods, and levers, as and for the purpose specified.

MARK ASHLEY DEES.

Witnesses:
M. B. RICHMOND,
W. A. KREBS.

Pascagoula Public Library
Local History & Genealogy Department
Dees #3 Family History

nds they were separated by nds. No arrests.

-Mr. J. U. Guerringer was mar- at Jackson, on the 6th, to Miss nella Dickey, of that place. Guerringer was formerly rail- l agent and telegraph operator Ocean Springs, and is well- wn to many people on the st. We extend our congratula- s.

-Mr. L. L. Church, formerly of Elmo, has taken charge of the road office at this station, Mr. ham having resigned to take rge of the Southern express and erican Union telegraph offices. Church seems to be a clever accommodating gentleman. is also agent of the L. and N. ress company.

-In our columns to-day will be nd a new advertisement of srs. Woodward & Wight, No. Canal street, New Orleans. se gentlemen are in the ship ndlery business and keep a e and well selected stock of all ses of goods used in their line, will sell the same as cheap as house in the South.

-We are prepared to print let- ends, billheads, circulars, post- wedding and visiting cards, ers' briefs, business cards, phlets, legal blanks of all s, programmes, paper bags, ls, envelopes, manifests, and in everything in the job printing at figures never heard of be-

The gentlemen who were ap- ted on the committee to raise s and superintend the barbe- to be held at this place Octo- 1, are expected to do their le duty in the matter. One or of the committee cannot be cted to do all the work. Let one do his duty and the bar- such cases as a fit subject for them to work upon.

To the Public.

I desire to notify the traveling public that Willie Montgomery, alias Masters, is not in my employ, and is not authorized to transact any business for me. I am still in the hack business and will carry passengers to any point in quick time and at low rates.

WM. MASTERS.

Scranton, Sept. 10, 1880.

Patent Stock Car.

Our fellow-townsman, Mr. M. A. Dees, has been granted a patent on an improved stock car which is one of the best and safest cars in existence for the safe transportation of live stock. The car will carry as many horses, mules, or cattle as any ordinary railroad stock car, and animals can remain in the car a week without losing in flesh, or without the danger of being injured by crowding or jostling together while in transit from one point to another.

The car is so arranged as to automatically feed and water the stock while en route, thus preventing them from suffering from food or water as is often the case in the ordinary stock car now in use. It is Mr. Dees' intention to have these cars manufactured and put them in use at an early day.

Entertainment and Supper.

We are requested to state that there will be given on Friday night, the 24th inst., at DeSmet's hall, an entertainment and supper, the proceeds of which will be devoted to building a Methodist church house at this place. The entertainment will include vocal and instrumental music, recitations, etc., besides a

WE WILL NO UNDERS BUT WILL GIVE YOU BETTER —IN— DRESS GOODS AND THAN YOU CAN ELSEWHERE IN SO We Mean It! Cal

Call and See C

WELL ASSORTED STOCK C

FINE SHOE

FOR

LADIES, MISSE

AND CHILDREN

WHICH WE ARE OFFERING

Low Down Pri

FOR THE CASH.

☞We have also a nice li MEN'S AND BOY'S FINE SH which we are selling at extr low figures.

GEO. W. WILKES &

Scranton, Miss., August 20, 1880.

BERLIN ZEPHYR

36 different shades! 36 different s

PERFORATED CARD BOARI

Mottoes, Air Castles, Ball Hanging Baskets, etc., a

GEO. W. WILKES & CO

Best Bargains

in Notions ever offered in Scr at Wilkes & Co.'s.

Ellisville Items.

BY WILLIAM.

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NP

FACES OF THE COAST

Jon Hauge/The Mississippi Press

Samantha Dees

Samantha Dees is a cosmetologist at Lauren's Hair Salon in Pascagoula. She has been a cosmetologist for three years and said, "I enjoy coloring, cuts and the people I meet." She and her husband are expecting their first child in August. Dees has lived in Lucedale for two years. She enjoys time with family and friends and "spending money."

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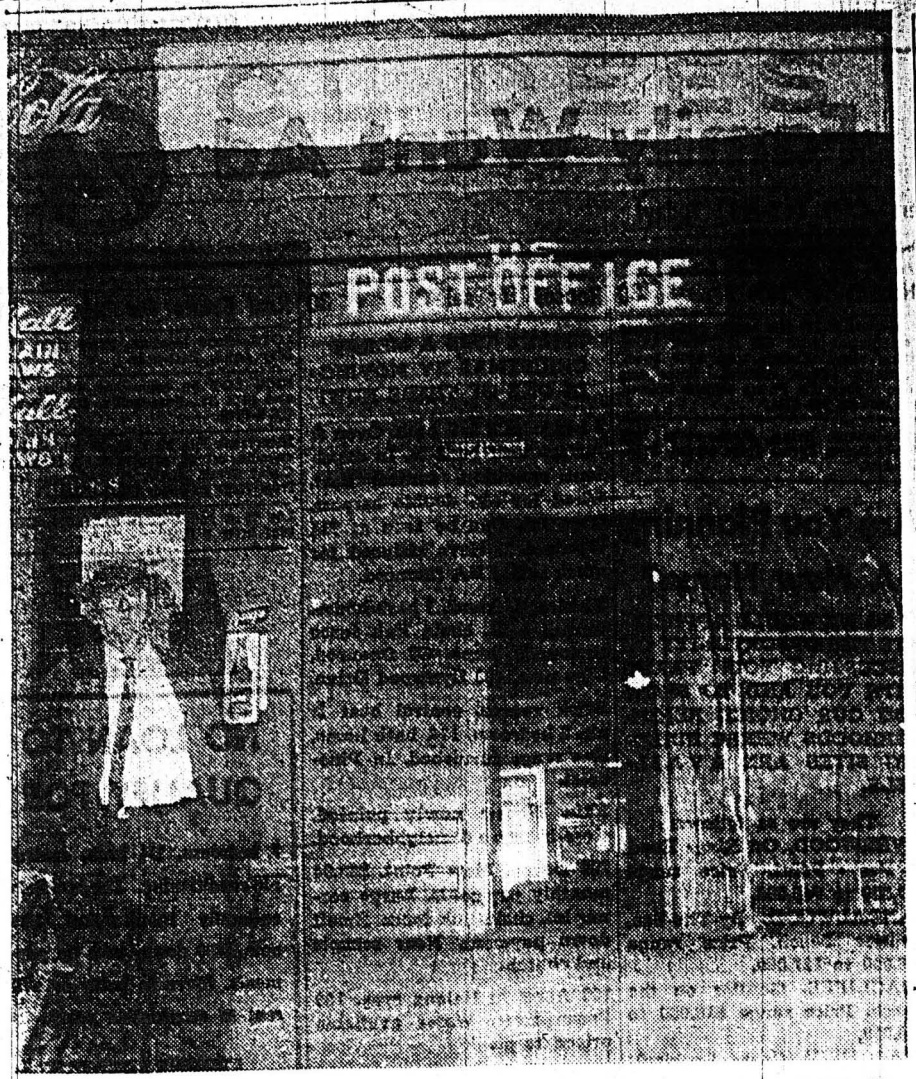


GENERAL STORE—C. L. Dees stands on the steps of the general store he has operated since 1926. Visible at right is the unlikely combination of a wagon wheel and automobile tires.

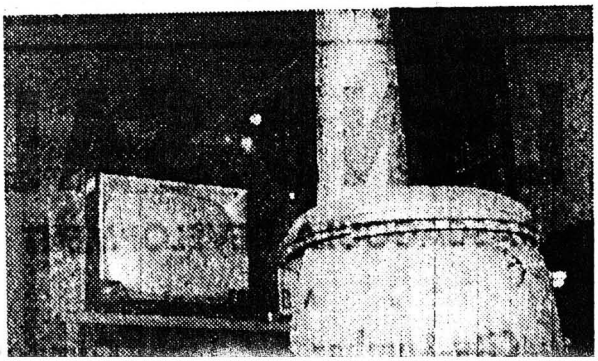
Old-Time General Store Operates At Vancleave

By DON GRIERSON
Chronicle Staff Writer

Vancleave is among the last strongholds of a dying institution, the old-time general store.

C. L. Dees' General Merchandise stands today much as it stood in 1926 when the proprietor, bought it from the L. N. Dantzler Lumber Company. The store was built in 1904.

Occasional signs of progress (a television set, electric sign, modern farm equipment, may



Legal Notices

NO. 3630
NON-RESIDENT NOTICE
NO. 17,427
THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
TO
GEORGE MILES CLARK, JR.
Address Unknown

You are summoned to appear before the Chancery Court of the County of Jackson in said State, on the 1st Monday of December, A.D., 1963 at 10:00 A.M., to defend suit No. 17,427 in said Court of NELLIE ROUSE CLARK Vs. GEORGE MILES CLARK, JR. Wherein you are a Defendant, and wherein Complainant seeks a divorce and other relief as fully set out in bill on file.

This 8th day of November, A.D., 1963.
(SEAL)

WILBUR G. DEES,
Clerk Chancery Court,
Jackson County, Mississippi.
BY: FRANCES J. ROBERTS, D.C.

3t 11-12, 19, 26

NO. 3631
NON-RESIDENT NOTICE
NO. 17,457
THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
TO
PAUL BACKS
Beaumont, Texas

You are summoned to appear before the Chancery Court of the County of Jackson in said State, on the 1st Monday of December, A.D., 1963 at 10:00 A.M., to defend suit No. 17,457 in said Court of JEWEL BACKS VS. PAUL BACKS. Wherein you are a Defendant, and wherein Complainant seeks a divorce and other relief as fully set out in bill on file.

This 8th day of November, A.D., 1963.
(SEAL)

WILBUR G. DEES,
Clerk Chancery Court,
Jackson County, Mississippi.
BY: FRANCES J. ROBERTS, D.C.

3t 11-12, 19, 26

NO. 3632
NON-RESIDENT NOTICE
NO. 17,462
THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
TO
JOHN W. WRIGHT
ADDRESS UNKNOWN

You are summoned to appear before the Chancery Court of the County of Jackson in said State, on the 1st Monday of December, A.D., 1963, to defend suit No. 17,462 in said Court of ZOLA MAE WRIGHT VS: JOHN W. WRIGHT. Wherein you are a Defendant, and wherein Complainant seeks a decree of divorce as fully set out in bill on file.

This 9th day of November, A.D., 1963.
(SEAL)

WILBUR G. DEES,
Clerk Chancery Court,
Jackson County, Mississippi.
BY: FRANCES J. ROBERTS, D.C.

3t 11-12, 19, 26

No. 3593
NOTICE TO CREDITORS
ESTATE OF MRS. HONORA O'CONNELL BEAUGEZ, Deceased
Cause No. 17,412

Letters Testamentary having been issued on the 25th day of October, 1963, to the undersigned upon the Estate of HONORA O'CONNELL BEAUGEZ, Deceased, by the Chancery Court of Jackson County, Mississippi, notice is hereby given that all persons holding claims against said estate present the same to the Clerk of said Court within six months from this date or said claims shall be forever barred.

This the 25th day of October, 1963.
MARY CECILIA BEAUGEZ ROSS
Executrix

3t 10-29, 11-5, 12

Pascagoula Public Library
Local History & Genealogy Department
Dees #3 Family History

GENERAL STORE—C. L. Dees stands on the steps [illegible] 1926. Visible at right is the unlikely combination of a wagon wheel and automobile tires.

Old-Time General Store Operates At Vancleave

By DON GRIERSON
Chronicle Staff Writer

Vancleave is among the last strongholds of a dying institution, the old-time general store.

C. L. Dees' General Merchandise stands today much as it stood in 1926 when the proprietor, bought it from the L. N. Dantzler Lumber Company. The store was built in 1904.

Occasional signs of progress (a television set, electric sign, modern farm equipment, may be found among the horse collars, wagon wheels, plow shares, axhandles and kerosene lamps, and the store offfers a wide variety of items between the unlikely poles of lipstick and rat poison.

The front porch (or gallery, as it was called in the days when the store was new) is adorned with a rocking chair and two "loafers' benches," and inside is a pot-bellied wood stove which, no doubt, has warmed the stories and person of many a 'coon hunter.

Colored With Age

The floor and outer walls of the store are bare pine lumber, long colored with age, and the general appearance is one of weathered and practical solidity.

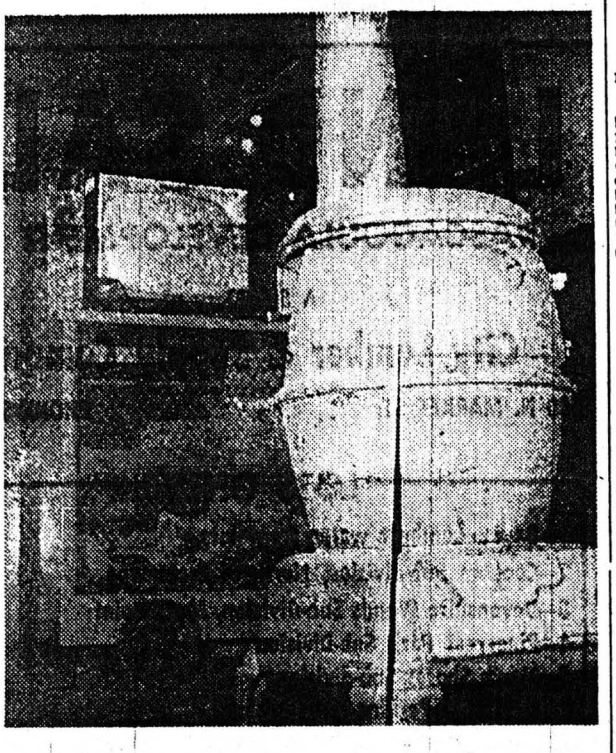
But business is not good, according to Dees.

"The store lost money last year. In fact, I've never really made much money with it."

His livelihood, he said, is derived from the 8,000 acres of pine forest which he owns. He has been in the pulpwood and turpentine business for several decades.

"Two or three hundred people each year, mostly yankees, come here to see the store," Dees said, "and I'm expecting some folks this week who called and said they wanted to take some pictures of it for an educational movie".

In spite of the unhappy prospects from a business viewpoint, Dees has announced no plans for closing, and perhaps the venerable institution, along with the fine arts which it encourages (cussin', lying, whittling and chewing tobacco), will live to charm even another generation.



CONVERSATION STOPPER—Now days, when the conversation gets slack, Vancleave oldtimers switch on the television set behind Dees' wood stove.

MAE WRIGHT VS: JOHN W. WRIGHT. Wherein you are a Defendant, and wherein Complainant seeks a decree of divorce as fully set out in bill on file.

This 8th day of November, A.D. 1963.

(SEAL)

WILBUR G. DEES,
Clerk Chancery Court,
Jackson County, Mississippi.
BY: FRANCES J. ROBERTS, D.C.

3t 11-12, 19, 26

No. 3503
NOTICE TO CREDITORS
ESTATE OF MRS. HONORA O'CONNELL BEAUGEZ, Deceased
Cause No. 17,412

Letters Testamentary having been issued on the 25th day of October, 1963, to the undersigned upon the Estate of HONORA O'CONNELL BEAUGEZ, Deceased, by the Chancery Court of Jackson County, Mississippi, notice is hereby given that all persons holding claims against said estate present the same to the Clerk of said Court within six months from this date or said claims shall be forever barred.

This the 25th day of October, 1963.

MARY CECILIA BEAUGEZ ROSS
Executrix

3t 10-29, 11-5, 12

NO. 3502
NON-RESIDENT NOTICE
NO. 17,453
THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
TO:

(1) J. L. FELTERMAN;
(2) MRS. A. M. GRAY;

Adult Non-residents of the State of Mississippi and not to be found by complainant after diligent search and inquiry:

(3) A. L. STAPLES, 1008 Government Street, Mobile, Alabama;
(4) DOROTHY CANTY FORSBERG, 234 Byrne Brae, Waterloo, Iowa;
(5) MRS. ETHEL RUSSELL MAGEE, Sacramento, California;
(6) LUCILLE WEBSTER, Connecticut;
(7) JAMES FISHER RUSSELL, Dayton, Ohio;
(8) ETHEL MAY RUSSELL, New London, Connecticut;
(9) LILLIAN RUSSELL, New London, Connecticut;
(10) HIRAM MINOR RUSSELL, New London, Connecticut

and:

ANY AND ALL PERSONS, Individual or corporate, having or claiming any right, title or interest in and to the following described property situ-

PTA Carnival At East Central

At last week's Halloween Carnival, sponsored by the PTA, a gumbo supper was served, after which the ghosts, goblins, witches, etc., stalked the campus.

Each grade contributed to the annual affair by taking charge of a booth, or any money making scheme they could devise. Fish ponds, horror house, sock hop, wishing well, country store and a cake walk were many of the attractions. The ninth grade raffled an electric blanket which was won by Jerry Bourn, the student council sponsored a costume contest which was won by M. L. Tilley, an eighth grader.

A talent show was presented which included a contribution from each grade in school. Mrs. Edgar Baria was chairman of the talent show, assisted by Mrs. Doris McDonald, public school music teacher, and Miss Georgia Fillingham, band teacher. Following the talent program, the

Pas PO Selling Special Stamp For Christmas

The 1963 Christmas stamp went on sale at post offices of the country Nov. 2 following its

WMS Hostess Is Mrs. Gaynor

The Women's Missionary Society of Martin's Bluff Baptist Church met in the home of Mrs. Mamie Gaynor with the opening prayer given by Mrs. J. S. Hastings, president.

Program chairman, Mrs. Gaynor, presented the topic from Royal Service, The Life of Bill Wallace of China.

Those taking part were Mesdames Vera Douglass, Henry Keebler, Ernest Martin, Lester Mallette and Hastings.

Plans were discussed for a fellowship covered dish dinner on Saturday preceding Thanksgiving.

The pastor the Rev. Hollis McGill presided at a general meeting for the church.

White House. It is standard size vertical in panes of 100. Two billion have been printed, twice last year's supply.

This year the post office is cooperating with the National

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State News Boiled Down.

Peaches are scarce.

Woodville is improving.

Jackson is on the improve.

Westville wants a livery stable.

Hot weather all over the State.

Moonshiners are in Carroll county.

Westville is to have a brass band.

The Magnolia Gazette is booming.

Port Gibson may establish a pottery.

Meridian is to have a Federal court.

Vicksburg is quite a summer resort.

Jackson has had a grand bicycle meet.

Natchez has organized a foot ball club.

The hogs have the cholera in Columbia.

The Fourth of July was generally celebrated.

Pontotoc will soon have a canning factory.

New Albany needs another livery stable.

You cannot sell newspapers in Winona on Sunday.

Vicksburg is proud of her late bicycle parade.

Greenville has had a severe rain and wind storm.

Meridian wants the encampment of the National Guard.

Truck farmers have suffered by the big strike.

Water Valley is fighting an insurance combine.

The grand jury of Marion county has returned 59 indictments.

Fifty Belgian families will locate at Cleveland, on the Valley road.

All the cotton mills of the State are paying handsome dividends.

Lauderdale county has a colored girl who is a living magnet.

An alligator weighing 250 pounds was killed near Port Gibson.

George Heckler, of Rodney, aged 70,

A NEW DEPARTURE.

M. A. Dees & Sons, of Moss Point, Miss., have invented and applied for letters patent, and are now manufacturing a "Perfect Fire Kindler." Our "better half" has used it, kindling fires in the kitchen stove, and says that it is a success. It is sold at the extreme low price of 25 cents per box, and each box contains enough to kindle 300 fires, or 3 fires a day for over 3 months.

Their factory is a large building of 10 or more rooms occupied by furnaces, mixing boxes, cooling troughs, stowage rooms and box making machines. We visited their factory and found all hands busy getting out the kindler, ready to furnish all demands.

It is in fact a "perfect fire kindler" as claimed by the proprietors, and as it costs next to nothing, it will be generally used wherever tried in starting fires of either coal or wood.

WILSON SPRINGS CAMP MEETING.

Editor Democrat-Star.

The great railroad strike is on, and so is the Wilson Springs Tabernacle. After considerable muscular effort, coupled with much prayer and entreaty, and many hard-fought battles with God's and man's worst enemy—the devil—the tabernacle on Wilson Springs camp ground, 40x75 feet, is completed. The structure is commodious and substantial, and will stand for many years to come, a credit to this community, and I trust, an honor to God.

Our initial meeting will embrace the 5th Sunday in September, 1894, beginning Thursday before. Mr. F. H. Wilson, the kind donor of the land for this camp ground, in addition to his large and beautiful hotel, will erect a public tent near the tabernacle, where he will dispense the necessaries of life at the very lowest living rates.

Private tents are being built, where friends and loved ones can find shelter as far as we are able to provide. All we ask is, if they have any "pison things" to spare when they start to the meeting, put them in a box or basket and bring them along, as there will be some demand for such things. And if there is room in their baskets, and they have them, they can drop in a few "yellow legged" chickens, "frying size," to strengthen the

New Advertis

Unive
—OF—
MISSISS
Forty-third Sessio
September 13,

Twenty one schools. Science, Literature and corps of able instructors. laboratories. Donation charge of Hon. G. D. Sh Pedagogy enlarged and needs of teachers in the S Low. Location unexcel ness. Splendid facilities in many lines.

Send for circular of in alogue to Chancellor

ROBERT H.
U
July 20, 1894.

Dr. H. A.
VETERINARY S
193 Melpomei
NEW ORLEA

Vermifuge Remedy for B
TYMPANITES in Hor
A positive, sure cure. F
W. A. COX an
J. G. HULSE
J. W. STEWART, Moss
July 13, 1894.

Jackson Coun
Board

The regular meeting County School Board, w Court-house in Scranton,

FRIDAY, JULY

All persons having bus Board are requested to b

H. L. H
County Supt. Pub
July 13, 1894.

Non-Resident

The State of Mississippi
To Josephine Parker, [illegible]

You are commanded to the Chancery Court of Jackson, in said State, o

Second Monday
A. D. 1894, to defend court of George E. Park

July 20, 1894
Pasc. Dem.-Star

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[illegible] been repaired.

Deputy Collector Gillespie is still confined to his house on account of sickness. Mr. B. M. Campbell is now behind the desk issuing clearance papers.

What has become of the Pascagoula and Scranton railroad project. Seems would be a good time to build it while our people have nothing else to do.

It is lying awake of nights trying to determine whether to leave our fortune for an orphan asylum or a home for the tireless tramp that makes the newspaper business so wearing.

—Mr. D. Griffin, of Carroll county has bought from Dr. Gholson a farm near the N. O. and M. road, between Woodland and Toulme stations. He has moved in and gone to work.

—Babyland for February is at hand, and is full of nice stories and pretty pictures, just suited to the tastes of the little folks. Send fifty cents to D. Lothrop & Co., Boston, and get Babyland for one year.

—By reference to the double-column advertisement elsewhere, it will be seen that Mr. M. A. Dees offers his entire stock of dry goods, clothing, boots, shoes, hats, etc., at net cost for cash. Now is the time to secure bargains.

—We refer parties needing steam engines, mills, machinery or supplies, to the advertisement of H. Dudley Coleman & Bro., 12 Union street, New Orleans, La., they being manufacturers and dealers of well established reputation.

—Mr. R. R. Bearden and family, late of Knoxville, Tenn., who have been spending a few months here, left for Luling, Texas, this week. We regret to see them leave, and commend them to the people of Luling as worthy and good citizens.

—The Pensacola Gazette of last week says there are more than a hundred and fifty sail and steam vessels in that port. Many vessels that would come to our port now go to Pensacola because they cannot get cargoes of lumber here. Our loss is Pensacola's gain.

— While Mr. C. T. Irving was in New Orleans last Monday night, he was visited by a little female stranger, which is being kindly and tenderly cared for by the madam. When we saw Mr. I. on Wednesday, he was shaking hands with his friends, and looked as happy as a lord.

— The Bay St. Louis Herald says Mr. A. Ulman is pushing forward the work on his factory, and that very soon the machinery will be in and the looms running. We are glad to hear that he is progressing so finely, and hope that very soon we may have many cotton, wool, and other factories on our coast.

—Mr. M. A. Dees is having a new dwelling house erected on the corner of Pascagoula and Foard streets, a few doors north of his family residence. He is also having the house next to his store moved back, and repaired. Thus improvements go on in our town notwithstanding the U. S. M.'s stalk abroad in our land and seize all the logs that Bartley and Carter have the cheek to swear to.

—Last Friday's Pensacola Gazette says that on the 22d Capt. Williams, of the bark Walton, while on a visit to the ship Marathon met with a serious accident. While walking across the taffrail to enter his boat, which was in waiting at the foot of the ladder, his foot slipped and he fell headlong over the side of the ship, striking on the ladder with such force as to precipitate him over the bow of his boat into the water. He was rescued by the crew of his boat, and is recovering from the injuries sustained, which were quite serious.

—Quite an interesting and amusing case came before Squire Farragut last Wednesday. It appears that Henry Narcies, a gay colored Lothario, had become most too intimate with Miss Mary Charles to suit the ideas of morality and refinement of Miss Mary's father, so old man Chawles had his daughter sue out a warrant for the aforesaid g. c. L., and fetch him up a standing before the judge of decorum and morality of this end of the beat. Narcies, when he found he had been caught, acknowledged his sin and compromised the case by taking out a license. They were married by Judge Farragut, in the presence of a large and gazing assemblage.

FROM DOG RIVER.

Some Timely Suggestions—Some of the Troubles Millmens' Wives Experience—Etc., Etc.

Dog River, Jan. 25th, 1878.

Editor Star:—May be you have a corner of your valuable and interesting paper unoccupied, and would like to hear from some other place. I suppose you have long since thanked your lucky Star that you are an editor, and not a millman. As I am a woman of some experience in the matter, I would think your wife would be glad for you, but much more for herself; for I can assure you the wives of the millmen suffer quite as much, if not more, than they do themselves.

Since the seizures made on this river by the United States marshals, you may find most of the men at leisure to talk with you on any subject and as long as you please. With his hands in his pockets (why not this cold weather?), he has plenty of time to view the situation. He calls for breakfast early; calls for a clean, white shirt, and his "other clothes," in a business-like manner, and is in quite a hurry to be off to meet some men on business, or attend a meeting of the millmen, or try to hurry up matters, which is all right you know, as far as the idea goes; but then, while the millmen are sitting on the postoffice steps, or at the foundry, or around the fire at the store, his wife is doing the scrubbing, ironing the clothes, planting seeds, etc., etc., to save all that can possibly be saved, and lessen expenses in obedience to her husband's orders; for he says the times may be much worse with us, and really we may yet be glad to get enough to eat. He tells her she must be as economical as can be, so as to be prepared for the worst, for there is no hope of relief until May, which remark reminds her [illegible] anything. This advice is gratuitous, but might benefit him some if he should see this.

Hoping you will sympathize with us, and your better-half will, too, I am yours truly, Mississippi.

P. S.—I hear that some of the millmen, in order to get away from their troubles a while, have engaged a boat to take them out on a few days' excursion to the islands to hunt, fish, etc. If my millman goes with them and does not plant the potatoes before he goes, I intend to have it done while he is gone, and have the fences fixed, too, and pay for it the best I can. No more at present; if you want to hear from these parts again, I will try and write soon.

Yours, etc., M.

RAILROAD TO THE SEA.

Some of the Advantages to be Derived—What Newton Has to Say.

Pascagoula, Jan. 28, 1878.

Editor Star: It is the opinion of commission merchants and shippers, that a cargo of fruit would arrive here each day, provided there was rail communication with this port direct for the north. This will look a little strange to those who have not looked into the matter. There are forty fruiters or vessels that are engaged exclusively in the fruit trade, owned in the city of New Orleans, and three-fourths of those vessels would land their cargoes at Pascagoula—and why? Because they could reach the cars sooner here and at a less expense than at any other point on the American border of the Gulf of Mexico. They could sail up the river and alongide of the cars, and that without the expense of being towed up and down as is the case at New Orleans; but fruit loaded for shipment must remain in the same cars until it reaches the end of the journey, and the same may be said as to lumber and also the grain—so give us the usual width road-bed, and not a narrow-guage.

It appears to me, that if the state proposed to take hold of this matter, that it would be well to (through her members in congress) make an application for the right of way through the public domain, and at the same time ask that the usual amount of land be granted along the line of the road. If my memory serves me correctly, it has been usual to grant every alternate section to private companies that build roads.

Newton.

COAST LINE STEAMERS.

Something that is Needed Between New Orleans and the Coast Towns—Probability of a Line Being Established.

Through our special correspondent we learn there is a probability that a line of coast steamers will be established between New Orleans and the coast towns this spring. The gentlemen who are at the head of the movement are enterprising men, and have the capital to carry out the undertaking should they attempt it.

There is no doubt in the minds of the citizens along the coast that a line of

Health insurance company of Mobile and Meridian has suspended. We have not been positively advised as to what will become of the policies that have been taken by the people, but we understand that they will be turned over to the Mobile life.

It was rumored in Natchez last Friday that a rencontre had taken place at Woodville on Wednesday between Mr. Farish, sheriff of Wilkinson county, and Mr. Benjamin Ioman, in which the latter was shot and seriously, but not fatally, wounded. Mr. Iuman fired the first shot, which was returned by Sheriff Farish, with the result as above stated.

Brookhaven Ledger: We regret to say that bull-dozing has at last appeared in this county. It was hoped Lincoln county would escape the disease. We hear of several darkies who have been notified to leave and of several house burnings. This is to be deplored, and we trust that those engaged in running the negroes off and burning their houses will see the evil of the thing and be moved by nobler feelings to desist from such work. No good can come of such conduct and much harm may.

Vicksburg Commercial, 25th: The freight train due here last night met with a serious accident, which was fortunately not so bad as it might have been. Shortly after the engine had crossed the Big Black bridge, one of the cars jumped the track, and five more were thrown upon it, all of which are a total wreck. One man, colored, a brakeman, was severely injured. The mail train, which left last night, went as far as the wreck, but had to return. It is probable the trains will be running regularly to-day.

Choctaw County Inland Recorder: Saturday last, at dinner, a twelve years old son of Stephen Monk residing in the Bowery, at Cohoes, while eating a freshly boiled egg, suddenly paused as his eye fell upon a singular phenomenon. This was seemingly half curled up and encircled by a yellow gauzy substance, which was embedded in the white of the egg. This substance was removed and placed under a microscope, when what seemed to the naked eye to be a hair, proved to be a young snake, apparently of the garter species, and with the young reptile was what seemed to be the larvæ of others.

Hinds County Gazette: The law of 1876 requiring tax-payers to call on the Assessor and furnish him with their property list for assessment was an experiment. It has been tried for two years, and we think is now esteemed by all a complete failure. It ought to be repealed by the ensuing legislature without fail and the old system, or some other sensible one, adopted. We are not far from the mark when we say that at least 3,000 of the voters of Hinds were not assessed in 1877, and consequently paid no taxes; and it was the fault, not of the public officers, but of the tax-payers who were unassessed.

Feb 1, 1878

Pascagoula Public Library
Local History & Genealogy Department
Dees #3 Family History

NUMBER 39.

THE "BLOWN DOWN TIMBER" PROBLEM

Stop poor sinner, stop and think,
Before you further go.
For this may carry you to the brink,
Of everlasting woe.

In Camp, October 28, 1906.

Editor DEMOCRAT-STAR.

A man who has made and operated a number of railroads should be considered competent to comment on railroads. A man who has spent a lifetime sawmilling ought to be able to comment on sawmills.

By the same process of reasoning I ought to be competent to comment on MISTAKES, having spent a large part of my life making them. And, while I am, even now, operating a portable sawmill, yet I believe with all the candor of an honest heart and head, that hundreds of our good people will rue the day they were induced to invest in the small sawmill.

In fact, the portable sawmill business is the only business I ever heard of in which a man can clear thousands of dollars a day, and yet "bust" inside of a year. I have spent a great deal of time and energy, and I believe some ability, since the great storm of September 27th, trying to learn from many of our best mill men, "where we are at," and if any of them know, they have kept the desired information from me. About all I can learn is that each man has "troubles of his own," and each seems only able to "tote his own skillet."

It would be a big task for me, or any one, to discuss all the problems of our "blown down timber," and hence, confine my remarks to the portable sawmill feature, and to all persons contemplating "jumping out of the frying pan into the fire," I offer them the warning of the lines at head of this letter.

A few days since I was seeking information of one of our best and safest sawmill men, who had much more timber blown-down than ever possible to get to his mill, and the question of portable sawmill up in his timber forest was raised.

He answered that he had fully canvassed that matter, and was fully convinced it would not do, and gave as his reasons for his decision the following:

"It takes the same talent and ability to operate a small mill as it does to operate a large mill. It is at present impossible to get competent men and teams for such mills. It is impossible to keep even inferior men, unless you build good and sufficient living quarters for them. The teams also must be housed, as a severe winter is at hand. He declared that if he should buy a portable sawmill for $2,000 he would then have to spend twice that sum for teams, carts, houses and other preparations for operating it."

These declarations tallied so truly with my experience that I could not question his wisdom. One great trouble with all small mills is they are so often broken down, the parts being so small and weak.

If any one is seeking a field where he can "show his business ability" I

Editor's Residence

TO ADVERTISERS.

THE DEMOCRAT-STAR IS THE OL NEWSPAPER OF THE MISSIS GULF COAST; HAS A LARGER BONA FIDE CIRCULATION THAN ANY O NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN THIS TION; THEREFORE IT IS THE ADVERTISING MEDIUM. ADVERTI BEAR THIS IN MIND.

HON. E. J. BOWE

OF HANCOCK COUNTY.

Democratic Nominee for Con from Sixth Congressiona District.

Election--TUESDAY, NOV. 6, 19

SCRANTON, MISS., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2,

Let no guilty man escape.

A hard, dry winter is predict

A "Dutch banquet," given the Board of Trade, is a new for Jackson.

Next Tuesday is Congression tion day. Democrats, do your Vote and ask your neighbor

Lynchings will go on in the just as long as the cause for it There is no appeal from Lynch's court.

Dr. Willard Boyd, a promin Louis minister, has resigned torate because, he declares, rules the church.

John L. Hanks, a St Louis who announced as an indep candidate for Congress, ha shaved off the ticket.

The New York man who fe teen stories and was unhurt was a candidate who struck mulation of political mud.

The Hearst-Hughes camp just a little nearer a torrid sode than any event in the State for a number of years.

Senator-elect Taylor of Te is tuning up his fiddle and his joke basket in anticipati season of hilarity in Washing

New York now has an incor "Association to Prevent Practices at Elections." Th kind Taft should have left in

While trying to kiss his rapher a New York man fe the elevator shaft—then sh him, and they will live hap after.

"Slang," says a prominent ed "is the effervescence of a mind:" which leads the Chronicle to remark that some flat and doesn't effervesce.

President Roosevelt has iss usual Thanksgiving proclamat ignating November 29th as for prayer and supplication people of the United States.

Charles A. Patton, of W Mass., is going out to Brazil a intendent of motive power

Nov 2 1906

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If any one is seeking a field where he can "show his business ability" I advise him to get a sawmill, but if he wants to make and save money, he, like shoemakers, had better "stick to his last."

M. A. DEES.

QUARTERLY CONFERENCES.

SEASHORE DISTRICT — FOURTH ROUND.

Sumrall, Nov. 4, 5.
Wolf River, at Durham's Crossing, Nov. 10, 11.
Bay St. Louis, Nov. 12.
Pearlington and Logtown, at Pearlington, Nov. 13.
Scranton, Nov. 17, 18.
Escatawpa, Nov. 18, 19.
Ocean Springs, at Handsboro, Nov. 20.
Long Beach, Nov. 22.
Biloxi, Main street, Nov. 24, 25.
Biloxi, Oak street, Nov. 26, 26.
Gulfport, 28th street, Dec. 1, 2.

Let no guilty man escape.

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Charles A. Eaton, of M Mass., is going out to Braz intendent of motive powe Rio de Janeiro Street Rail pany, on a salary of $4,000 a

Col. Charles Scott, the ernor of this grand old quietly in his saddle making of the State. He is paying tion to the criticism of his

Governor Folk, of Misso the appointment of a Fede troller of Railroads, with lar to that exercised by t troller of the Currency over banks.

Hon. Eaton J. Bowers, Representative in Congress (Sixth) district, and memb Congressional Campaign C now in Washington, exp

Social and Personal Happenings

Society Correspondent
Phone No. 131

Mr. J. Bounds was a business visitor to Mobile Tuesday.

Mr. Allen Jones of Mobile spent the week end here with his family.

Mrs. R. C. Cowan, Misses Bessie and Addie Cowan spent Friday in Mobile.

Mrs. Vira Downie of Pittsburgh, Pa., is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Walter W. Barber.

Mr. A. Diltman of New Orleans was a guest Sunday of Mr. H. E. Delmas and family.

Graydon Carter of Mobile was a recent guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Carter.

Mrs. L. H. Goff and little son have returned after a pleasant visit to relatives in Louisiana.

Mrs. E. H. Turner was a recent guest of friends in Biloxi, returning home Wednesday.

Mr. Bab Sullivan spent several hours here Thursday, enroute to Gulfport from Columbia.

Mr. Curry McLeod of Mobile was a guest Tuesday of his sister, Mrs. Stone D. McInnis.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Fairley, Miss Sara Fairley and Campbell Fairley motored to Biloxi Monday.

Miss Clara Herrin was a recent guest of Miss Mary Watt in Biloxi returning home Monday.

Mrs. R. Q. Breland, Mrs. Allen Jones and Miss Ruth Hunt were Saturday visitors to Mobile.

Miss Lois Ellis it attending a house party at the home of Miss Velma Sullivan in Gulfport this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Mack Duhe have returned to Garyville, La., after a visit to Mrs. Laura Mays and family.

Mr. W. P. Dailey, Jr., and Capt. Hall of New Orleans were recent guests of Capt. and Mrs. W. P. Dailey.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Lennep and little daughter, accompanied a party from Escatawpa to Gulfport Sunday.

Mrs. R. L. Fitzner and Mrs. D. C. Avent were called to Pollard, Ala., Monday by the illness of their mother, Mrs. Helton.

Mr. and Mrs. Park Avent and baby and Cottrel Avent of Avent, Miss., motored over for a visit to Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Delmas and family Saturday.

Mrs. H. C. Beardslee and young son who returned last week from a visit to Evergreen, La., were accompanied home by Miss Hattie Lee Avent.

Mr. A. H. Blum is came over from New Orleans and spent the week end with family. Mr. Blum is connected with the Gulf Coast Company.

MRS. MARY FRANCES CUDABAC.

The funeral services of Mrs. Mary Frances Cudabac, age 71 years, who died at the home of her son, Sheriff H. D. Cudabac in Pascagoula, Thursday evening, July 1st, was held in the Baptist Church here at four o'clock Friday afternoon, a large number of relatives and friends having gathered to pay their last tribute of respect by their presence and with many beautiful flowers to one who has been a resident of Moss Point for the past fifty years.

Rev. Floyd Olive, pastor of the Baptist Church in Pascagoula, conducted the services, paying a beautiful tribute to the deceased, numbering among her many traits of character that of loyalty; loyalty to her God, her church, her family and her friends and the community in which she lived. Although practically an invalid from rheumatism for the past five or six years, she was noted for her bright and cheerful disposition, reflecting only sunshine upon those with whom she was associated, and numbering her friends by her acquaintances. She was a charter member of the Moss Point Baptist Church, ever faithful in the discharge of her duties, though of late years her infirmities prevented her attending public worship.

The remains of Mrs. Cudabac were laid to rest in the Griffin Cemetery beside her husband, who preceeded her to the grave twenty-three years ago. Mrs. Cudabac was the last member of a large family of brothers and sisters, her brother, Mr. L. C. Dees, having died in Lake Charles, La., in January.

She leaves one daughter, Mrs. O. C. Cowan, and four sons, Messrs. Mat Cudabac of Albequerque, New Mexico; Elvin Cudabac of Mussel Shoals, Ala.; Elver Cudabac, of Athens, Ga., and Sheriff H. D. Cudabac of Pascagoula. She also leaves a number of grandchildren.

Out of town relatives and friends to attend the funeral were Mr. and Mrs. Elver Cudabac and baby, Dr. and Mrs. M. Fort and baby of Grand Bay, Ala.; Calvin Dees of Perkinston; Mrs. Jane Dees and Clifton Dees of Vancleave; Mrs. T. L. Hulbert of Point Clear; W. C. Coffee and Hyrich Coffee of Florence, Ala.; Prof. Baude Bennett of Gulfport and Mr. E. R. Glascock of Ocean Springs and others.

Miss Inez Breland is at home on a month's vacation from the Touro Infirmary in New Orleans.

Anything You See Advertised

All reliable Remedies and Toilet Preparations find a place in our stock just as soon as they appear on the market.

Many stores wait for the demand, but we believe in the spirit of progress and try to give our customers a choice of the world's best products.

Don't waste time in looking around, but come directly to our store.

Trade-marked, advertised goods our specialty.

BURNHAMS DRUG STORE
THE REXALL STORE
Free Delivery Phone 44 -:- Moss Point, Miss.

The secret of having Good Coffee is buying GOOD COFFEE in the first place.

CANTY'S SPECIAL
THE COFFEE SUPREME

It's one thing to blend a coffee perfectly, but it's another thing to have that coffee ge tto your home fresh and fragrant.

The delicate coffee oils which top off the grand old flavor of a brimming cup of coffee no longer have a chance to slip away into the air.

CANTY'S SPECIAL reaches you hardly yet cooled from the roasting process, with the rich, full-flavor sealed in. Good coffee to begin with, roasted right, ground right, delivered fresh, is the secret of good coffee.

Your grocer has it. Ask him.

Pascagoula Coffee Co.
"We Roast the Coffee We Sell"
H. U. CANTY, Proprietor.
Phone 97 Pascagoula.

With acknowledgments to K. C. B.

Here's how Joe's fish story really started

WE CLAMBERED down THROUGH HEAVY UNDER-BRUSH AND WE rowed the BOAT OUT TO WHERE BLACK bass hide.

WHILE WE quit [illegible] AT LAST TO GRUB GIMME [illegible] AND IT [illegible] NO LUCK

Pascagoula Public Library
Local History & Genealogy Department
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MAYERS & DEES,
PROPRIETORS.

Pascagoula, Miss:

FRIDAY.....OCT. 1. 1880.

Entered at the postoffice, Scranton, Miss., as second-class mail matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per annum (in advance).....$2.50
Six months " " 1.50
Clubs of six, per year, each..... 1.50

ADVERTISING RATES:

One square, first insertion.....$1.50
Each subsequent insertion..... 75
Marriage and Obituary Notices of over ten lines, will be charged for as regular advertisements.

A liberal deduction made to those who advertise by the year.

All persons handing in advertisements will be charged One Dollar and Fifty Cents for the first and Seventy-five Cents for each subsequent insertion of an inch or square, unless a special agreement is made previous to their publication.

All advertisements not having the number insertions marked, will be published til forbid, and charged accordingly

Special Notice.

All letters relating to the business of the old Handsboro *Democrat* should be addressed to P. K. Mayers, Handsboro, Miss., and all matters pertaining to the Pascagoula DEMOCRAT-STAR should be addressed to Mayers & Dees, Pascagoula, Miss.

Coast Time-Table N. O. & M.

On and after May 16, 1880, passenger trains on the N. O. and M. railroad will arrive and depart as follows, running by Louisville time, which is twenty minutes faster than New Orleans time:

GOING EAST.

No. 4, leaving New Orleans at 7:20 a.m., arrives at Bay St. Louis, 9:30 a.m.; Pass Christian, 9:47; Mississippi City, 10:12; Biloxi, 10:27; Ocean Springs, 10:40; East Pascagoula, 11:13; Grand Bay, 11:45; Mobile 12:35 p.m.

No. 2, leaving New Orleans at 6:30 p.m., arrives at Bay St. Louis, 8:22; Pass Christian, 8:46; Mississippi City, 9:10; Biloxi, 9:22; Ocean Springs, 9:35; East Pascagoula, 10:07; Grand Bay, 10:40; Mobile, 11:25.

GOING WEST.

No. 3, leaving Mobile at 3:20 a.m., arrives at Grand Bay, 4:0[illegible]; [illegible]; Ocean Springs, 6:13; Biloxi, 6:25; Mississippi City, 6:40; Pass Christian, 6:52; Bay St. Louis, 6:16; New Orleans, 8:20.

No. 1, leaving Mobile at 4:20 p.m., arrives at Grand Bay, 5:20; East Pascagoula, 5:57; Ocean Springs, 6:35; Biloxi, 6:50; Mississippi City, 7:07; Pass Christian, 7:34; Bay St. Louis, 7:58; New Orleans, 10:20.

Nos. 2 and 3 stop only at above stations, except on Sundays, when these trains will stop at all stations. By applying to the agent at East Pascagoula tickets may be secured and baggage checked through to all principal points North and East, by giving sufficient notice to have them forwarded from the city.

L. L. CHURCH, Agt.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Barbecue.

—Weather cooler.

—Hooker and Barksdale.

—Register to-day without fail.

—Go to the clerk's office and register.

—Chancery court in Perry county Monday.

—Mr. J. L. Burrage is station agent at Mississippi City.

—The Biloxi oyster openers have struck for ten cents per hundred.

—Last Wednesday Col. Hooker addressed the citizens of Pass Christian.

[illegible] one of the finest [illegible] there on the coast.

—Saturday night, 2d, Hon. C. E. Hooker will address the citizens of Biloxi upon the political issues of the day. Let all turn out and give him a rousing reception.

—Come to the barbecue, and bring your sisters, cousins, aunts, wives and sweethearts. A barbecue without the attendance of the fair sex would be a tame affair indeed.

—A soiree dansante was given last night at DeSmet hall, which we presume was a pleasant affair. The invitation committee will accept our thanks for an invitation to be present.

—The accident which occurred in Mr. J. T. Liddle's saw mill at Handsboro last week will necessitate the buying of a new engine, therefore the mill will not be in operation for two or three months.

—We are glad to learn that the Ulman Woolen Mills at Bay St. Louis are doing well. Large shipments of goods are made every day. No better quality of goods are manufactured in the South or North.

—The "Cheap Shanty" is the name of a new store to be opened in December next at Pass Christian by Messrs. Jordy & Northrop. Dr. A. K. Northrop and Fred Jordy are the most popular men in Harrison county.

—When you come to the barbecue, and before you go down to get dinner, call over to Becht's barber shop and get shaved and other wise "fixed up" for the occasion. He has a neat and tidy place, and will fix you up in city shape.

—A new advertisement of Ulman's woolen mills appears in our columns to-day. These mills have an established reputation for first-class goods, and have orders for all that can be manufactured there. Our people should encourage home manufacture.

—Last Sunday afternoon while Mr. Chas. Pankey and Mrs. Martin were out sailing in the river the boat capsized near the mouth of Kimball's canal and both parties received a thorough ducking. Fortunately assistance was near at hand and they were rescued.

—All the merchants of this place are selling their goods as cheap as can be purchased anywhere. When you come to town to purchase enquire around at the stores and you will be surprised to see how low down you can buy groceries, dry goods, etc.

—The schooner J. J. Cowart, plying between New Orleans and Biloxi river, struck a snag and went down Tuesday morning near Stonewall, loaded with general [illegible] for Stonewall and

[illegible]day night to a large congregation, and handed in his resignation. He leaves the coast with the love and confidence of the entire Baptist brotherhood and the respect of all the people with whom he has become acquainted, and all regret his leaving. He has accepted a call to some churches in North Mississippi.

A New Device.

Mr. M. A. Dees informs us that he is just in receipt of a letter from his attorney in Washington notifying him that he has been granted a patent on a new device for transmitting motion, or substitute for a crank. This device has no dead centers, and when applied to sewing machines, or other machinery, can be started at any point without touching the wheels to turn off the center. By this application it is impossible to turn a machine backwards, and is, therefore, a capital application for sewing machines, as there would be no danger of breaking needles, thread, etc., as is often the case under the old method, and a lady could have both hands free to manipulate her work.

Mr. Dees informs us that he will immediately negotiate for the manufacture and application of this device, and will soon be prepared to offer the same for sale.

Barbecue at Stonewall.

The democratic barbecue near Stonewall, in Harrison county, Friday, was well attended and all present seemed to be well pleased with the day's proceedings. There was plenty to eat and it was well prepared. As Col. Hooker was delayed by the train in getting to the place at the time expected, Maj. W. T. Walthall addressed the crowd in his usual happy style. The Major is a fluent and graceful speaker, and the audience seemed to be very much interested in what he was saying, when the arrival of Col. C. E. Hooker caused him to bring his remarks to a close.

Col. Hooker then took the stand, and for more than an hour, in his usual eloquent and forcible manner, entertained his fellow-citizens. He merely referred to Col. J. Botts Deason as the republican candidate against him. Col. Hooker gave some home truths in regard to Garfield and his corrupt party. His speech, we think, had a good effect even on the few black republicans present.

Grand Democratic Barbe and Mass Meeting

Of the Hancock Cou[illegible] mocracy.

LARGE AND ENTHUS[illegible] MEETING,

AND A SPLENDID [illegible]

The writer attended th[illegible] cratic barbecue at Gaines[illegible] Saturday, September 30. [illegible] the morning Gainesville p[illegible] a lively appearance. [illegible] were booming, banners fl[illegible] the old true and tried de[illegible] were pouring into town i[illegible] every conceivable con[illegible] Shouts went up for Hanc[illegible]lish and Hooker.

The barbecue was give[illegible] able and distinguished re[illegible] tive in congress, Hon. C[illegible] Hooker, but owing to an [illegible] on the railroad near Cinc[illegible] did not reach Gainesvil[illegible] dress his fellow-citizens. [illegible] unfortunate, both for Col[illegible] and the assembled democ[illegible] we know no one felt th[illegible] pointment more than Col[illegible] himself. It will be rem[illegible] Col. Hooker had been calle[illegible] vass Ohio, at the reque[illegible] democratic executive comm[illegible] that State, and that he *route* for Mississippi to fill [illegible] his appointments he had [illegible] his district, commencing a[illegible] ington on Saturday last.

Other speakers were also[illegible] ed, though they failed, and [illegible] to explain the reason of [illegible] sence of the speakers, and [illegible] some time to say somethin[illegible] struct and encourage the [illegible] racy present, Judge Geo. [illegible] leman, the old war-horse of [illegible] mocracy of Hancock, made [illegible] talk. Although the Judge [illegible] accustomed to public sp[illegible] still he took the stand, and [illegible] was [illegible] urged the [illegible] present to make a long pull [illegible] strong pull, and a pull alt[illegible] for Hancock, English and [illegible]

Hon Silas J. Leslie w[illegible] called, who responded in a [illegible] marks, stating that he was [illegible] public speaker, but a dem[illegible] worker. Hon. Mr. Leslie [illegible] able representative in the [illegible] ture, from Hancock, and no [illegible] worker for the county's [illegible] than he while at Jackson[illegible] ting for his people.

Next followed Mr. I. C. G[illegible] young gentleman yet in hi[illegible] who has just become a cit[illegible] the county. His remark[illegible] good and to the point, and [illegible] ceived with loud applaus[illegible] hope Mr. Geiger's voice in [illegible] of our ticket will be heard [illegible] Hancock ere the election.

At the conclusion of Mr. G[illegible] speech Judge Holloway [illegible]

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PORT OF PASCAGOULA

"PEACE, GOOD WILL AND PROSPERITY TO ALL MANKIND."

PASCAGOULA, MISSISSIPPI, FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 18

be maintained in order that labor may be lightly burdened, and that all persons may be protected in their rights to the fruits of their own industry.

The time has come to enjoy the substantial benefits of reconciliation. As one people, we have common interests; let us encourage the harmony and generous rivalry among our own industries, which will revive our languishing merchant marine, extend our commerce to foreign countries, assist our merchants, manufacturers and producers to develop our vast natural resources and increase the prosperity and happiness of our people.

I elected, I shall, with divine favor, labor with what ability I possess to discharge my duties with fidelity, according to my convictions, and shall take care to protect and defend the Union, and to see that the laws be faithfully and equally executed in all parts of the country alike. I will assume the responsibility, fully sensible of the duty, to administer rightly the functions of government, to discharge the most sacred [illegible] and endeavor upon an American citizen. I am, very respectfully,

WINFIELD S. HANCOCK.

More Editors Provided For.

Raymond Gazette.

Bro. Bonney, of the Summit *Sentinel*, need not take on so because his name was omitted in the make up of the list of editors to be promoted to lucrative official positions. His is a special case, and as there are a few other special cases it was thought best to group them separately from the general list. The effect will be better, under such an arrangement, and triumph rendered doubly sure; and besides, an honorary member or two must be provided for. Bro. Bonney will certainly receive the appointment he has long desired, viz, "section boss" on the New Orleans railroad, at a dollar a day; that's fixed. [illegible], of Pascagoula, is to have charge of the Well on Horn island, at a salary of four dollars and thirty seven and a half cents a month. Normant, of Starkville, is to be minister to Kamschatka, and to pay his own expenses. Col. Hamilton, of the *Solar Ray*, is to be tide-water commissioner on the Yazoo, salary to be paid by fees. Cooper, of Jackson, is to be lighthouse keeper at the Cape of Good Hope, at a salary

From Col. J. F. H. Claiborne.

NATCHEZ, Miss., July 24, 1880.

Editor Democrat-Star:

MY DEAR SIR: While lumber, naval stores, wool, live-stock, charcoal, cord-wood and oranges, constitute the chief source of revenue in our sea-board counties, and hold out a great inducement for capital and enterprise, there are some small industries that may be profitably pursued.

We cannot all be great manufacturers like Ulman; or wool-growers like Cole, Stewart and Lewis; or exporters of lumber to remote countries like Poitevent & Favre; or builders of ready-made houses like Carre & Co.; nor wine-makers on the scale of Davis, of Harrison, and Brown, of Hancock; but there are some things that men of moderate means may do.

Oyster planting should be extensively practised. There is no better propagating ground in the world than the mud banks at the debouchment of our salt-water bayous, and the small bays and inlets holding in deposit the sediment of the Missis-ippi river. Nurseries like these, properly protected, would be very prolific, and yield a large and permanent profit. The oysters all along there grow large, and are of unsurpassed flavor.

This would introduce and support two branches of business; 1st, the building of sailing craft for the transportation of oysters, which would give employment to your ship-carpenters. 2d, the canning and pickling of oysters, crabs and shrimp, which, instead of being done on the seaside, is carried on in New Orleans. This business, which could be extended all over the West, would require many tinners to supply cans and packages. Crabs and shrimp may be put up in brine, and in oil, and shipped anywhere.

Young fishing privileges are sadly neglected. Vast quantities of red-fish, red-snapper, salt-water trout and mullet and mullet-roes, might be pickled in kegs and barrels, or sun-cured (after being rubbed with salt and sugar) and put up in boxes like cod-fish. The best salt fish that we buy are no better than these on the breakfast table. All that have tried them on my table here, prefer them to any Northern fish, and the roes are considered a

catching and hauling them away. These are small matters, but they can be carried on by men of small means, and they help to make a community prosperous.

Very truly, J. F. H. C.

GARFIELD'S RECORD.

What Was Thought of His Credit-Mobilier Transactions in 1873.

[From his own sworn testimony before the Poland committee, January 14, 1873.

I never owned, received, or agreed to receive any stock of the Credit-Mobilier or of the Union Pacific railroad, nor any dividends or profits arising from either of them.

[*From Judge Poland's report, February 18, 1873—Garfield's testimony perjured.*

The facts [illegible] to Mr. Garfield, as found by the committee, are that he agreed with Mr. Ames to take ten shares of Credit-Mobilier stock, but did not pay for the same. Mr. Ames received the 80 per cent. dividend in bonds and sold them for 90 per cent., and also received the 60 per cent. cash dividend, which, together with the price of the stock and interest, left a balance of $329. This sum was paid over to Mr. Garfield by a check on the Sergeant-at-Arms, and Mr. Garfield then *understood this sum was the balance of dividends after paying for the stock.*

[*N. Y. Times Feb.* 19, 1873.]

Messrs. Kelley and Garfield present a most distressing figure. Their participation in the Credit-Mobilier affair is complicated by the most unfortunate contradictions of testimony.

[*N. Y. Times, Feb.* 20, 1873.]

The character of the Credit-Mobilier was no secret. The source of its profits was very well known at the time congressmen bought it. Though Oakes Ames may have succeed in concealing his own motive, which was to bribe congressmen, their acceptance of the stock was not on that account innocent. The dishonor of the act, as a participation in an obvious fraud, still remains.

Some of them indulged in testimony with reference to the matter which has been contradicted. The committee *distinctly rejects the testimony of several of the members. This can only be done on the ground that it is untrue. But untrue testimony given under oath is morally, if not legal perjury.*

It is the clear duty of congress

For the Democrat-Star.

A REVERIE.

BY CLINTON.

Dreamily, dizzily thinking of yore,—
O the wild, passionate love that is o'er
Here in my gloominess, sifting gone years
How I see happiness turned into tears

O, the bright, shadowless paths that we knew!
O, the fond love, when we both were so true!
Here in the gloaming I see the same face
Dancing before me in all of youth's grace.

Beautiful, lovely and sweet as of yore;
While the heart beating there's love to the core.
Throbbing for whom? you ask, only for me—
O, that fair dream of love! how could it be?

Dizzily, dreamily—closer, my Pet;
Come to me, Darling—Ah! loving thee yet;—
Let me embrace thee, Sweet, in my fond arms;
How I would shield thee, Love, from all alarms.

Wildly I fold thee, Pet, close to my breast
There, as of yore, thou wilt lovingly rest
Kiss me, ah! kiss me, I'm hungry, my Dove;
Burning to kiss thee, to drink the old love.

Now [illegible] my fond cheek sweetly burns;—
O, for that "bourne whence no traveller returns!"
Ah! but 'tis false, thou art not mine again;
Cold in thy bosom—I loved thee for pain.

Thou art another's, I know it full well;
Why have I dreamed of thee—I cannot tell.

. . . . . .

Fanciful reverie, sweet was thy flow;
But in thy wake, there is anguish and woe.

Vicksburg, Miss., Aug., 1880.

Magnanimity of Hancock.

Cor. Courier-Journal.

It is related on one occasion that two ladies of the Southern Relief association called on the city authorities of St. Louis to obtain the use of the city park for a series of promenade concerts to be given for the benefit of the Southern Relief fund. The radical city authorities refused peremptorily to grant their request.

Nothing daunted the courage of these two ladies, and they called

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MA. Dees

Jan 24, 1890

BLOOD ON THE MOON.

Last Saturday Abram S. Humphries, a young lawyer of Columbus, Miss., who is a Republican, posted Capt. R. W. Banks, editor of the Columbus *Index*, as a "thief, a coward a liar, a bully and a dead beat." The affair grew out of a series of editorials in the *Index* during the brief candidacy of Chalmers for Governor, in which Capt. Banks published some severe editorials reflecting on Humphries' political and professional career. At the publication of Humphries' circular the editor of the *Index* was in Jackson, and on his return we look for a serious difficulty, as both men come from old and respected families. Public sentiment is in favor of Capt. Banks and Humphries is censured by the public almost to a man.

On the same day Mr. J. W. Fairfax, of the New Orleans *City Item*, copied an article from the *States* of the same city, which criticised the action of the Supreme Court rather severely, prefaced by five lines of editorial comment, which called forth a very offensive reply from the *States*, in which the editor of the *Item* is characterized as a liar, a sneak and a sycophant and applies other vile and opprobrious language to him. Mr. Fairfax, thereupon, challenged Mr. George W. Dupre, of the *States*, who refused to meet him. And thus the matter stands.

Whether the present mild winter, and the invasion of La Grippe or Sam Jones' prophecy has anything to do with this is a question we can't decide, but we feel that it is good to be a country editor, enjoying a monopoly of perfect quiet, and a scarcity of ready money.

The grave of Mrs. Frank Leslie's father in the Catholic Cemetery across Three-Mile Creek, near Mobile, lies neglected and unmarked by even a board. Some time ago we read of her purchasing diamonds at fabulous prices, and costumes fit for an Empress. Does the thought of that neglected grave mar the pleasure she takes in these vanities, or the vision of neglected duties add to her happiness in wearing them?

Mr. N. L. Baxter, one of our most public spirited and liberal hearted planters and wool growers, was in town last Thursday attending a meeting of the trustees of the Lumberton High School. Mr. Baxter is a whole team within himself, and a man that any community would be proud of.—*Lumberton Head Block.*

We suppose this may be the Nathan L. Baxter who was once a subscriber to the DEMOCRAT-STAR, and pulled the wool over our eyes to the tune of $14.50. If Mr. Baxter has sold his wool and can spare time from attending the meetings of the Lumberton High School trustees, we should like to see him *lumber* down with the cash, and then we will think he is a man that *this* community will be proud of. We used to send the paper to him at Spring Cottage, Marion county, and as the bill was sent to him several times without any response we counted him among the lamented dead. As he is such a lively corpse we should be glad to hear from him.

When our Representative was interviewed by the reporter of a Jackson paper, as to his opinion on the advisability of holding a Constitutional Convention he made the following reply:

"When the question is further discussed, if I consider it to the interest of my people and State I will vote for it, otherwise I will oppose it."

LET THE LEGAL ADS BE PUBLISHED IN THE LOCAL PAPERS.

Twice during the last four years action has been taken by the Mississippi Press Association demanding local laws passed by the Legislature, be published in the local newspapers of the counties. This demand is as evidently just, both to the press and the people, that it will not admit of discussion. During the session of 1888, such a bill did pass the Senate, but for some unaccountable reason, was stifled in the House. The State printer naturally wants everything in sight, and as he has the puffing power of Jackson he gets it. It would be well for the press of this State to take hold of the other end of the puffing business and try its strength at the homes of the Legislature. Justice and common sense both demand a change in the present arrangement, and we hope to see the Legislature now in session deal with the subject as its merits deserve. *Brookhaven Leader.*

This is a sensible move in the right direction. Such a law would be no additional expense to the State and would give publicity to laws which are never seen by the average citizen of the State. The Jackson papers in which the laws are printed do not reach the eye of one in a hundred of those most interested, and the publication of local laws affecting the people should most assuredly be published in the local papers of the section interested, and those papers should be paid for the work. This might take a few dollars from the pocket of the public printer, but would give publicity to laws which at present are not known to exist by the people most interested in them.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE is one of the handsomest catalogues published. The illustrations are intended to give the reader a correct idea of the plant or flower illustrated. The grossly exaggerated, absurb pictures which deface so many catalogues and reflect upon the integrity of those who issue them, do not appear in this. The list of potatoes is good, and several kinds are offered among them the Early Market. It is said to be of the Ohio Class and is especially recommended for early marketing as the quality is excellent in the early stages of growth or "unripe" condition. The entire catalogue is one that the *R. N. Y.* greatly commends to the examination of its readers. [*Rural New Yorker.*

Send 10 cents (which amount may be deducted from the first order) James Vick, Seedsman, Rochester, N. Y., for a copy of Guide.

BISHOP Hugh Miller Thompson started life as a bootblack in New York city.—*Meridian Democrat*

This seems hardly credible. It requires a few years of preparation—such as growing and gaining a little strength after life begins—to become even a bootblack.—*N. O. Pictayune.*

And then it takes a little growth in grace, and a *strict* adherence to truth and virtue to become a *good* Bishop.

Lieut.-Gov. Evans handles the gavel in the Senate with the ease and dignity of a veteran. The election to official position of men of such sterling worth, unimpeachable character and pronounced convictions as he is a most fortunate thing for the State, indeed. True to himself, his country and his God, M. M. Evans has adorned every position which he has ever held, and he would not trim his sail at the sacrifice of principle to catch a political breeze that would waft him into the presidency.—*West Mississippian.*

The little Empire *Progress*, a suckling journalistic babe, attacked P. K. Mayers, an old veteran of the Mississippi Press. "P. K." came back at him in his usual good natured, humorous and killing way and when he got through with the *Progress* mite he didn't leave him enough salt to put in his chicken pie. Moral—"Little children should be seen and not heard."—*Starkville News.*

The truth is, we have not heard

"WHERE THIS NAME IS"

MOSS POINT, MISS., January 20, 1890.

Editor Democrat-Star:

At the father of the name, "Scranton," I heartily agree with you in making an effort to have it changed back to its first and best name, "East Pascagoula;" but I beg leave to correct you as to some statements in your remarks in last week's paper.

First—East St. Louis is in Illinois, not Missouri.

Second—The Railroad authorities were not responsible for the name, Scranton. They called it East Pascagoula, and so printed their tickets, even for years after the name of the postoffice had been Scranton.

The origin of the name of Scranton being given to your town was through the following causes: Very soon after the completion of the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad, now a part of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, the United States mail was sent to Pascagoula by the former road instead of by Morgan's steamboats as formerly. We tried to get Mr. W. S. Dodson, the good Republican postmaster at Pascagoula, to move his office up to the depot. He declined. We then tried to get a postoffice established at the depot, and on one occasion I called on the chief clerk of the postoffice department while I was in Washington City, to explain to him the situation, etc. He referred me to a young man who had charge of this division of the postoffice department. This young man knew Mr. Dodson as a good Republican, and asked me if I, or any of my co-petitioners were Republicans. "I plead not guilty!" We did not get the new postoffice, until finally Mr. C. H. Alley came among us, and as he had been sleeping in the Republican camp he was able to serve us, and in a short while got an office allowed. The postoffice department, I think, disapproved of a name so near like Pascagoula. Mr. Alley had all the papers ready, and the train was in sight. He came to where I was standing on the platform and said that many had urged the name of Farragut for the postoffice. He and I agreed that if we could not retain the name of East Pascagoula, as the station was then known, we ought to have a short name and one easy to write. Just as the train came in I said to Mr. Alley let us name it Scranton, whereupon Mr. Alley wrote the name "Scranton" and put the papers in the mail car. Mr. C. H. Alley, or the person whom he named was made postmaster, and the postoffice called Scranton. This finally led to the calling of the railroad station and town Scranton.

East Pascagoula is a long name to write, yet because of its age and the traditions surrounding it, we would have retained the old name if we could have done so. If the change can be made let it be done.

M. A. DEES.

In another column a correspondent sets out to correct some errors in our article of last week in reference to changing the name of this place to East Pascagoula. It is a matter of little importance to us how the name of Scranton got to be substituted for the old name. We want the name changed to it's original one, and we believe that most of our old citizens are in favor of it. We shall continue to urge this until we become quite sure that our citizens do not desire the change.

Young ladies, whose fathers owe for the *Republican*, ought not to use the paper for bustles, as the dues on it might give them the Russian grip.—*Brandon Republican.*

Pretty good, Brother Prantz, but heavy dues make the green things grow, you know.

GOVERNOR.—The Mobile *Register* has the following in reference to this visionary Mississippi seaport:

"Why, Gulfport is nothing; it is but the imagination of the lobbyist; it is a perfect failure in its incipiency. There is not a man of business sense in Mississippi that will back the enterprise even with words of commendation."

MAJOR DAINELL in his report to Washington for December says:

From Assessment Roll.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, }
JACKSON COUNTY. }

C. H. ALLEY,
vs.
SOLOMON A. MILLER.

By virtue of an execution, directed to me by Walter M. Denny, Clerk of the Circuit Court of said county, I will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the Court-house, in the town of Scranton, in said State and county, on the

First Monday, 3d day of March, 1890,

within legal hours, the hereinafter described real estate, which has been levied upon, under hereinbefore mentioned execution, as the property of Chas. E. Miller and G. D. Solomon, composing the firm of Solomon & Miller, to-wit:

Commencing at the northeast corner of lot No. 6, as indicated by plot of J. C. Ballinger, recorded in Book 4, page 532, of the Record of Deeds of Jackson county, Mississippi, and running south seven (7) and 61-100 chains to the south margin of marsh, at a stake set, black gum tree, north 84° east 22 links, XIII to a pine tree, south 37° west 33 links, XIII; thence westward along the margin of the marsh following the marshy line to a small myrtle tree; thence south 57°, west 7.64 chains to a stake set on the meridional, being the northwest corner of the mill tract, as delineated in this deed as contained by decree in Chancery, on file, A. C. Danner & Co. vs. Isabella Charniaux; thence north 10° west to a street; thence east along said street, 1,915 feet to the place of beginning, containing about 17 acres of land, together with all and singular the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any way appertaining.

To satisfy a judgment in favor of C. H. Alley, plaintiff herein, for the sum of three hundred and thirty-nine dollars and seventy-eight cents ($339.78) and all costs and interest.

FRANK H. LEWIS,
Sheriff.
January 24, 1890. 48-4t

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, }
SHELLSBORO, MISS., }
January 24, 1890. }

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons claiming any of the articles mentioned below, now under seizure, under the revenue and Collection Laws of the United States, at the Custom House at Pascagoula, Miss., to appear and file their claim to the same, according to law, in this office within twenty days from the date of this publication.

Case 122, Dec 21, 1886—240 cigars excessive sea stores, seized on American bark "Sam'l Welch" at Pascagoula, Miss.

Case 125, July 20, 1887.—140 cigars excessive sea stores, seized on American bark "Nellie F. Sawyer" at Pascagoula, Miss.

Case 130, April 30, 1888.—100 cigars, failure to manifest goods, seized on American schooner "Sydney G. Happer" at Pascagoula, Miss.

Case 133, July 5, 1888.—125 cigars, failure to manifest goods, seized on American schooner "Lena R. Storer, at Pascagoula, Miss.

Case 135, August 30, 1888—50 cigars, failure to manifest goods, seized on American schooner "H. Budding" at Pascagoula, Miss.

Case 140, June 3, 1889.—1,000 cigars excessive sea stores, seized on Spanish brig "Pubilla" at Pascagoula, Miss.

W. H. HENDERSON,
Collector of Customs.
January 24, 1890. 48-4t

The Complete Fertilizer!

ADAPTED TO OUR SOILS.

Having discovered by experience the exact Chemicals that are best adapted to our soils, I am now manufacturing and am prepared to furnish the COMPLETE FERTILIZERS in any quantities desired.

It is adapted for use with all crops, builds up the soil, stimulates a rapid growth of both tree and plant without burning or injuring the plant by excessive use. Superior for forcing early vegetable crops. It is unexcelled for corn, potatoes or cotton, and all cereals.

For prices and terms, address me at

Moss Point, Miss. A. H. SMITH.
January 17, 1890. 47-1y

SAM D. BLOCH,

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, PHAETONS, WAGONS,

HARNESS & SADDLERY,

No. 3 North Water St. Corner Exchange Alley,
MOBILE, ALABAMA.

Sole Agency for CELEBRATED STUDEBAKER WAGONS.

Send for our Illustrated Catalogue and Price List.
April 28, 1888 84-1y

LAND NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT JACKSON, MISS., }
January 6, 1890. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or, in his absence the Circuit Clerk at Scranton, Miss., on Monday, Feb. 24, 1890, viz: Isaac Bynum, for the S½ of SW¼ of section 5, township 7 south, range 7 west.

He names the following witness to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Mathew Gex, J. A. Gex, Jonathan Byrd and Wesley Byrd, all of Gex, Jackson Co., Miss.

JOHN M. STONE,
Register.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

By certain deeds of trust executed by [illegible] and Frank H. Lewis, to the undersigned, as trustee, to secure the payment of a note executed by [illegible] to C. G. Bailey, for the sum of $[illegible] and dated May 28, A. D. 1889, recorded on pages 345, 346 and 347 of Book No. 10 of Records of Jackson county, Mississippi, I will on the

8th day of February, A. D., 1890,

at the Court-house door of said county, in the town of Scranton, sell to the highest and best bidder for cash, the following described real and personal property, to satisfy said deed of trust, to-wit:

1st. That piece of ground situated, lying and being on the east side of Pascagoula Bay and designated as lots 7 and 8 in square No. 49 on a plan of Scranton, said lots in said town of Pascagoula made by J. H. Estrada under date of December, 1850, measuring each 75 feet front on Front street, with a depth of one mile, extending back to the section line.

2nd. Two lots of ground situated lying and being on the east side of Pascagoula Bay and designated as lots 1 and 2 in square No. 49 on a plan of Scranton, said lots in said town of Pascagoula made by J. H. Estrada under date of December, 1850, measuring each 75 feet front and running back in depth one mile to the section line, being bounded on the north by section line; south by Pascagoula Bay; east by a street, and west by lands now or formerly of Francis Martin.

3rd. That certain piece or parcel of land in Township 6, south of Range 5 west, beginning at the southeast corner of lands formerly belonging to Daniel S. Grayham, on Pascagoula Bay; thence running east along the margin of said Bay 825 feet to the southern corner of lands now or formerly of Francis Martin; thence north along said Martin's line to Bayou Chicot; thence west along the margin of said Bayou to the aforesaid lands formerly of Daniel S. Grayham and thence south along the line of said land to Pascagoula Bay the place of beginning, being bounded on the north by Bayou Chicot, on the south by Pascagoula Bay, on the east by lands now or formerly of Francis Martin, and on the west by lands now or formerly of Daniel S. Grayham.

4th. That piece of parcel of land fronting on Pascagoula Bay, beginning at the southeast corner of lands now or formerly of Francis Martin; thence easterly along the margin of Pascagoula Bay 198 feet; thence north along the line of Jefferson's land to the centre of Little Bayou; thence westwardly along the centre of said Bayou to the lands now or formerly of Francis Martin; thence south along said Martin's land to Pascagoula Bay, bounded north by Little Bayou, south by Pascagoula Bay, east by lands of Jacob Baptiste and John Williams and west by lands now or formerly of Francis Martin.

5th. That piece or parcel of land situated on the east side of the Pascagoula Bay, beginning at the northeast corner of lands sold by Jacob Baptiste to the United States; thence easterly along the margin of said Bay 200 feet to lands now or formerly of Daniel S. Grayham; thence N. 3° along said line one mile to section line; thence west along said section line 200 feet to the northeast corner of lands of the United States; thence south a one said line one mile to Pascagoula Bay, being bounded north by the section line, south by Pascagoula Bay, east by lands now or formerly of Daniel S. Grayham and west by lands now or formerly of the United States.

Secondly that piece or parcel of land situated in said county of Jackson, in section 5, Township No. 8, Range 5 west and being the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of said section 5, containing 40 acres as per certificate of A. C. Deuse, Receiver of the Land Office at Augusta, Mississippi dated November 17, 18-4, said certificate being of record in the records of said Jackson county in Book F, pages 3, Nov. 10, 1854.

The above described property is situated at Pascagoula, in Jackson county, Mississippi, having a frontage on the Gulf of Mexico of about 1,320 feet and known as the Grayham place, also one 75 light Pequot gas machine with all the pipes, fixtures and appurtenances belonging to the same, also one No. 108 Charter Oak cooking range with the appliances belonging to the same; also all the chandeliers now in the dwelling house in the above described land.

J. L. FORD, Trustee.
Jan. 17, 1890. 47-4t

LE CONTE PEAR TREES FOR SALE!

Choice two-year-old, well-branched Le Conte Pear Trees ($15.00) Fifteen Dollars per hundred. Less for larger quantities. Address,

MRS. M. W. RICHARDSON.
Fort Bayou, Jackson County, Miss.
January 16, 1890. 46-3t

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI.

To Robert Lyle, David Lyle and Kate Lyle, minors:

You are hereby cited to appear before the Chancery Court of Jackson county, in said State, on the

17th day of February, 1890,

then and there to show cause, if any they can, why final account of Mrs. Provie Lyle, guardian of your estate, should not be approved, allowed and said guardian discharged.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 23rd day of December, A. D. 1889.

[SEAL] [illegible], Clerk.
January 3, 1890. 45-3t

LAND NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT JACKSON, MISS., }
January 6, 1890. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or, in his absence the Circuit Clerk at Scranton, Miss., on Monday, February 24, 1890, viz: Isaac Bynum, for the S½ of SW¼ of section 5, township 7 south, range 7 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Mathew Gex, J. A. Gex, Jonathan Byrd and Wesley Byrd, all of Gex, Jackson Co., Miss.

JOHN M. STONE,
Register.

The Democrat-Star

Entered at the Post-office at Scranton, Miss., as second class mail matter.

P. K. MAYERS, PROPRIETOR.

FRIDAY.....January 24, 1890

LOCAL NEWS

Local Notices 10 Cents a Line for Each Insertion.

Time-Table L. & N. R. R.

Ars Time Table Louisville and Nashville Railroad, which took effect Sunday December 22, 1889:

GOING WEST.

No. 1.—Leaves Mobile at 8:20 a. m. Arrives at Scranton at 12:40 p. m. at New Orleans at 2:34 a. m.

No. 2.—Leaves Mobile at 2:10 p. m. Arrives at Scranton at 2:45 p. m. Arrives at New Orleans at 7:20 p. m.

GOING EAST.

No. 3.—Leaves New Orleans at 8:15 a. m. Arrives at Scranton at 11:39 p. m. Arrives at Mobile at 12:55 p. m.

No. 4.—Leaves New Orleans at 8:15 p. m. Arrives at Scranton at 11:51 a. m. Arrives at Mobile at 1:15 p. m.

No. 5.—Leaves New Orleans at 3:15 p. m. Arrives at Scranton at 6:20 p. m. Arrives at Mobile at 7:30 p. m.

No. 6.—SANTA CRUZ, Station Agent.

Some few cases of la grippe in town.

The Scranton Retiel has been closed ever since Christmas.

Without taxes public improvement would soon come to an end.

Now would be an excellent time for the Knights of Labor to strike.

Some of our citizens have taken the hint and are cleaning up their yards.

Dr. Wm. A. Cox and son Herbert visited New Orleans this week on business.

Drunken sailors are waltzing in jail almost every day by the Town Marshal.

Miss Eugenia Cox, of Mobile, is spending a visit to her brother's family here.

A snake was killed in a red lily on Pascagoula Bay, last week. It was a striped reptile.

Mr. James Ladnier, of Pascagoula, is the happy father of a bouncing baby girl, arrived Wednesday night.

Since the Seamen's Bethel closed our Miss Point dudes seem to be at a loss to know why they are in Scranton.

The flowers that bloom in the Winter, tra-la, were somewhat nipped in the cold flash this week.

We received a pleasant call from Mr. Johnson Wesley from Mr. Johnson Wesley, member of the Board of Supervisors of this county.

Coal parties are getting fashionable in this place. They are attended by young ladies and gentlemen promiscuously.

Hunter, Bean & Co., are laying the foundations of their new planing mill, and it will not be long before we will hear the hum of the planer.

Don't forget to attend the public meeting called for Monday night next, at the court house. Everybody ought to be there.

The world looks hard to a man when he has had a disagreement with his best girl, but not much harder than the young man looks to the world.

Mr. Wm. Martin, of Vancleave, was in town Tuesday looking as sad as a basket of chips. He says dry weather is his section, and his great complaint of "hard times."

Rev. C. N. A. Young will preach in the Lutheran Church on Sunday morning at 11. The subject of his sermon will be "Other Gods" being at Pascagoula at night. All are invited.

Mrs. J. W. Lauredine, the genial proprietress of the Scranton pastry shop, went to her home in Biloxi, last week, on account of sickness. Mrs. Lauredine will have charge of the shop during her absence.

Mr. J. W. Roberts, a member of the Board of Supervisors, was in town and reported as recovering from a severe spell of sickness. He has suffered a relapse but is now convalescent. He was formerly a resident of this county till. He was elected sheriff of Jackson county, but was defeated by a small majority.

Mr. Otha Jones, a young man who has been working for Mr. Wm. Martin, of Vancleave, was in town Tuesday looking as sad as a basket of chips. He says dry weather is his section, and his great complaint of "hard times."

March 14, 1890 M. A. Dees

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Attendance very much like a job of whitewashing. We don't know Mr. Cocke, but don't believe he has been sinned against as much as the investigating committee seem to think. It is hard to believe that two hundred girls, and almost a score of teachers could all be in the wrong about the same thing.

President Cocke gave us his reasons for resigning that it would be difficult to heal the breach between himself some of the Faculty and he gave himself up be sacrificed for the good of the College. Let us hope now that we will have peace and the attention of the girls brought back to their studies, which have been so much interrupted for several weeks.

Miss M. J. S. Calloway, Vice President of the college, was elected President until the close of the session in June. When the lady teachers were asked if they were willing to serve a woman for Pres., each one answered, "No." Which is not at all surprising, for that is what they would want a man.

By authority we announce in to-day's DEMOCRAT-STAR Mr. Walter M. Denny as a candidate for sheriff. Mr. Denny is a young man of fine constitutional attainments. As to his qualifications for the position of deputy, I must be said of him that he is just the man that is needed to assist in making a Constitution to shape its business on the line of order and system and plant the line of justice. We say this because he is a young man of very extensive, prudent and conscientious man, ample proof of which stands of record in the Clerk's office of this county, and his general usefulness as an official and a citizen. Mr. Denny is a sound Democrat and announces himself subject to the action of the Democratic party. Read his card published elsewhere in the DEMOCRAT-STAR.

A DELEGATION of representative men from Chicago arrived at Washington on the 7th inst. to confer with the Committee in regard to the World's Fair. They satisfied the sub-committee that they have a bona fide subscription, every dollar of which is as good as cash, of $5,250,000, and also guarantee to raise the $10,000,000 promised by Chicago. *Nil desperandum.*

MR. WM. H. POPE, paying teller of the Louisville City National bank, got tired of paying checks and doing other more or less routine work, it is thought, has gone to Canada. His furniture remains undisturbed and nothing was missing from his room except a Bible and a prayer book. With these and $60,000 in cash, Pope ought to be able to establish a good character wherever he may go.

ELDER GAMBRELL says: "Whisky, saloons, drinking, drunkenness and rowdyism are leading characteristics of Columbus," and Dr. Dobbs denies the soft impeachment. They are brother prohibitionists, and the question naturally arises which one is to be believed. When physicians fall out who is to decide?

MERIDIAN is to have a $50,000 public building. Pascagoula ought to have a public building for the Custom-house, postoffice and U. S. District Court which should not cost less than $150,000. What is our Representative and Senators doing in the premises?

Subscription $2 will not publish

never appeared duller than at present, and the bleak March winds sing a song that sounds like a requiem to the dead. Nearly every home in the place has been visited with la grippe, or the mumps, and nearly every small boy in the town has a thunderbolt tied around his face, and more than one look as if they had run into a bee hive on a spring day.

The doctors have been kept busy, and have not only shown great skill, but great attentiveness mixed with good charity and kindness. On Saturday Albert Cuddy was badly injured by the falling of a limb from a tree he was cutting down. Dr. Turner and Dr. Mc. Cowan report his condition favorable, and if still and quiet he can keep him through, he will certainly recover.

ON SUNDAY

will be a protracted meeting at the Methodist church. Mr. Brown is to be assisted by a visiting minister, and the meeting promises to be one of great interest.

MRS. FATHER CUDDY

is assisting in visiting the sick and attending to their wants.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson and their sweet little daughter Sunday to a few days visit to relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Shields are home on a visit. Mrs. Shields was before her marriage Miss Laura Lemon, and is a member of the class of one of the largest and sweetest little girls ever on the lake. During their visit they made many friends.

Mr. Shields is a member of the Louisiana Legislature, and is a rising man in Lodi and promises to become a leading politician.

Wavland is getting so large she will be able to recognize herself soon. She delights in new streets, shelled avenues, a prospective opera house, a new mayor even, and I guess a big fire in the near future.

I have been wanting to congratulate the DEMOCRAT-STAR and intend to have done so months back. But it is never too late to do good, and I will say now that I wish it may be as true and grand in the future as it has been in the past that it may always continue to tell of the beauty and advantages of this Eden by the Sea. That it may sing the praises of the lovely and stamped maidens and matrons of this section, not forgetting to say a good word also for the industrious men who catch, salt down and ship to other lands the famous Mexican mackerel. IRA.

ONE of the largest cotton transactions ever consummated in this State was closed at Meridian on the 7th inst. by Messrs. Carter & Co., being 3000 bales. 2000 of which were sold by one firm. The total amount of the checks given footed up over $150,000. The cotton was bought for Memphis parties and shipped to Liverpool.

VICE-PRESIDENT MORTON and party in their Southern tour passed through Jacksonville, Fla., on the 5th inst., and the Vice-President made a brief 20-minutes' speech to the citizens thereof, in which he said he was not responsible for the recent freeze. We believe him, as he is altogether too tame a looking man to cause a freeze.

UNDER a recent act of our Legislature Perry county is taken from this judicial district and constituted a part of the Eigth Circuit Court district, and a Circuit Court shall be held in said county on the third Monday of May and November, and continue six days.

A HORRIBLE disaster occurred on the Lake Shore Railroad, near Bayview station, nine miles from Buffalo, N. Y., in which seven persons were plunged into eternity and eighteen wounded. The accident is attributed to mismanagement and the bad condition of the rolling stock.

THE trial of Frank Denham, convicted of murder in Yazoo county Circuit Court, has been affirmed by the Supreme Court of this State.

general assemblies for like purpose.

The transfer of the local executive interests in the fact that it is a neighborhood concern, that it is run at a merely nominal expense. But when it is required to spread such an organization over a large extent of territory and trust the working of it to officers not personally known to the members, absenteeism and substantial evidence of good faith should accompany the proffer. At least the stringent laws of this State in regard to the regulation of corporations are needed to protect the interests of the people. And it may well be doubted whether any such association now existant in any State is likely to be formed as will be fit to be trusted by and the interests of the State of Texas. The local association is the one in the world to manage the home building business. The others are more in local one account, after but none of them can do all it claims and is supposed equal to the one presented by the association which is all the while directly under the scrutiny of the members and of his neighbors who are in common interest with him. It seems as essentially out of place any not absolutely known of the home can be that they can be trusted with the investment and preventive legislation shall soon be had. There will be succession of disastrous failures and swindles among the so-called "National and Inter State" building associations.

A LARGE majority of the vessels reported by the *Biloxi Herald* is loading at Ship Island or Gulfport. Nine cargoes of lumber from Moss Point and this place. Still the *Herald* would have it readers abroad believe that these vessels receive cargoes of lumber from Biloxi. Now, Bro. Williams quit your meanness and tell the truth for that the port of Pascagoula is where the lumber comes from.

SCRANTON is a railroad town, on the Pascagoula river, in Jackson county, Miss. About a mile and a half from Scranton is located on the beach front is the ancient town of Pascagoula. Moss Point is four miles north of Scranton, on the Escatawpa or Dog river, and is a lumber manufacturing town.

GOV. STONE has, by proclamation, ordered an election to be held in this State on Tuesday, July 29, 1890, for delegates to the Constitutional Convention. Each county and each fontorial district in the State shall have the same number of delegates as they are entitled to members of the House of Representatives. Fourteen delegates are to be voted for from the State at large, provided that no two of said delegates shall come from the same county.

THE Meridian *News*, in a review of the Blair educational bill says, among other sensible things, that in order to secure $519,750 for the benefit of negro education in Mississippi the white people would have to cripple their own schools to the extent of $222,490 by relinquishing that amount under the Blair bill, and thinks that the people would pay too dearly for the sweet privilege of receiving sop from the National Treasury.

JUDGE PARDEE in the timber case of the United States vs. the Mobile and Girard Railroad has, in an oral opinion, decided in favor of the Government. Walker is appointed receiver. His instructions are to hold the logs and not let any more leave there except upon his agency.

BRADFORD county, in Florida, is not only a prohibition county, but the [illegible] alone [illegible]

gress at the expiration of his present term is to be deplored by the State. Always alert to the interest of the people he represents and fearless in hurling back sin true charges made against the South by his political adversaries he has proven himself a foeman worthy of their steel.

Mr. Allen explains why he retires from Congress. In the first place, the climate of Washington does not agree with his wife's health. Mr. Allen thus continues:

In the next place I was poor enough when I went to Congress and I have been growing poorer and poorer every day. Lastly, my observation teaches me that the longer a man remains in Congress the more reluctant he becomes to make a living at anything else. I am not too old now to resume the practice of my profession the law, and I think it best to quit before Congressional life and Washington life gets so firm a grip on me as to disqualify me in the end for all other pursuits.

MAJ. ADDISON CRAFT, of Holly Springs, has been appointed by Gov. Stone to succeed Hon. A. H. Longino as the Commissioner to examine all the State officers' accounts. Maj. Craft is a first-class accountant, and a gentleman of unimpeachable character and standing and we unhesitatingly pronounce the appointment a most excellent one.

WM. LOFTIN, of State Line, Miss., a lad of 17 years, was arraigned before Judge R. A. Hill at Meridian City last week on a charge of robbing the U. S. mail. He pleaded guilty to the charge and was sentenced to twelve months in the house of correction at Detroit, Michigan.

It will be seen by an advertisement in the DEMOCRAT-STAR this week that an election will be held on the first Monday, the 7th day of April, for one Mayor, four Aldermen, one Treasurer and one Marshal, to serve our corporation for the term of two years. Now is the time for those who want the places mentioned to come out and show your hand. The announcement fee is $5 cash.

THE New Orleans *Picayune* says there are no good liars, though some of them are very skillful and talented. We have some of the latter class in this part of the country who can't be beat.

THE State Baptist Convention which was to meet in Senatobia on Wednesday, 23d of July has been changed to Columbus, with the same date of assemblage.

THE Davis Land Company at Jackson on Tuesday of last week turned over to Major Morgan, trustee, $8,000, proceeds of sale of stock for the benefit of Mrs. Jefferson Davis.

WHEN the Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City Railroad is built, then a branch road from that line will probably be built to Pascagoula. Or let us have the Waynesboro, Pascagoula and Gulf Coast Road. It would fill the bill better.

Subscribe for your own county paper, the DEMOCRAT-STAR. Only $2 a year in advance.

THE *Times-Democrat* of New Orleans, leads all the newspapers published in the South—daily and weekly. *It has the largest circulation.*

JOB PRINTING

men who have called upon me as aforesaid, precludes any idea of mine to refuse to place my service at your disposal in this matter. I, therefore, accept the Call, and hereby declare myself a candidate for said position, and promise you, if elected, that I will serve you, and the whole people, with all the integrity, diligence and ability at my command.

I have no opinions so firmly fixed, in reference to what should be embodied in, or excluded from the Constitution to be framed by such Convention, that they would not be sacrificed when it is shown to me that there are others which would more materially advance the interests and welfare of the people.

I have no hobby, nor solution of the race problem to present for the astonished and admiring gaze of the Convention and people; nor would I take it as an occasion for gaining personal notoriety, but will honestly strive and earnestly endeavor to aid in accomplishing an end or purpose that will result in great and lasting benefit and satisfaction to the whole people of my native State and County.

I beg to remain, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

WALTER M. DENNY.

March 14, 1890. 3-1t

A CARD.

M. A. D.,

Cock of Magnolia Walk!

Editor Democrat-Star:

As a fitting rebuke of the prejudice and ignorance that attempted to give me free board in the county jail, you will please publish the enclosed letter from the clerk of our Supreme Court, in which is a copy of the opinion of said court reversing the verdict of the lower court against me in the well known road case. The evidence having been unanly all written down and exactly the same in all three courts, and as I was declared guilty and sentenced to imprisonment in the justice court, and by the jury in the Circuit Court, and on the same evidence the Supreme Court now says these verdicts were "clearly wrong." My query is, was it ignorance, prejudice, or both, that gave me at such unnecessary trouble and expense in the lower courts?

In all the courts I acted my own lawyer, and while I admit that (because of reasons well known to me) "when a man is his own lawyer he has a fool for a client," yet I beg leave to claim that he may have an honest interested man for an attorney.

With thanks to the wisdom of our forefathers for a court of appeals, I am

Yours truly,

M. A. DEES.

Moss Point, Miss., Mar. 14, 1890. 3-1t

OFFICE OF THE SUPREME COURT OF MISSISSIPPI,
Jackson, Miss., March 7, 1890.

Mr. M. A. Dees:

Dear Sir—Following is all the opinion of the court rendered in your case last Monday morning:

"The appellant having been appointed overseer of one public road in the county by the Board of Supervisors, for the year 1889, was not subject to be called upon as a hand to work another. The verdict is clearly wrong, and should have been set aside by the Court. Judgment reversed."

Judge Cooper delivered the opinion.

I make no charge. Yours truly,

OLIVER CLIFTON, Clerk.

MARINE.

OFFICE OF THE DEMOCRAT-STAR,
PASCAGOULA, March 14, 1890.

Report for the week ending March 14th.

ARRIVED.

[illegible]

9-30-1881 Dees

A CHANGE.

I have this day sold my entire [illegible] to Messrs. M. B. Richmond and G. W. Wilkes, who will assume all responsibility of the same.

For the liberal patronage and confidence extended the DEMOCRAT-STAR since my connection therewith I gratefully thank the public, and hope a generous people will extend the same to my successors.

Very respectfully,
M. A. DEES.

September 30, 1881.

Referring to the above it will be seen that we have purchased the entire interest in the DEMOCRAT-STAR of Mr. M. A. Dees, and from this date we will conduct the same in our respective capacities to the best of our abilities. It is unnecessary to say anything in relation to M. B. Richmond (who will continue to edit the paper), he having been before this public in the capacity of editor for several years, and all our readers are well acquainted with him either personally or by reputation. Geo. W. Wilkes will take charge of the composing room and job department, and being a first-class newspaper and job printer our patrons can be assured their orders will be promptly attended to, and executed in the highest [illegible] the art. Capt. P. K. Mayers will occupy the same position he has heretofore filled, business manager of the concern, and will devote his time to traveling, soliciting and collecting. The business of the office will be conducted as usual, and the new firm of P. K. Mayers & Co., under which we will hereafter transact business, will assume the responsibility of all debts and collect all outstanding indebtedness to the office. Respectfully,

M. B. RICHMOND,
GEO. W WILKES.

LAMAR ON THE COAST.

Last Saturday Hon. L. Q. C. Lamar arrived here on the 6:20 a. m. train and was escorted to rooms at Hotel de Noye. During the morning many of our citizens called upon him, all of whom he met with a smile and gave them a hearty hand-shake. Owing to the many speeches he has made during the past few weeks, and the amount of railroad travel he was necessarily compelled to undergo, he was somewhat prostrated and his voice impaired to a considerable

Radical rule in our State. He warned the people against voting for a ticket and proceed upon them the necessity of supporting Gen. Lowry and the Democratic ticket. We wish every man in the whole State could have heard his eloquent appeals to the people, and his warnings of the dreadful effects to the peace and prosperity of the State in the event of the election of the Fusion ticket.

About an hour of his time was consumed in explaining the position he took upon the Electoral Commission bill, the bill to retire Grant, his vote on the silver bill, the Hamberg riot, and his vote upon the Kellogg case. He said he had been greatly misrepresented and censured in his own State for his actions upon these respective measures, and he wished to set the matter fairly before his constitutents and let each one decide for himself in the matter. After he explained his reasons for voting as he did in each case, there was not one in his hearing who would have uttered a word of censure, but on the contrary every man, woman and child within the sound of his voice would have endorsed his action, and voted to have to him returned to the U. S. senate for another term. We heard several remarks after the speaking was over, that they had censured him for some of his votes, but now they were perfectly satisfied to trust him to do his own voting and his own thinking.

He spoke for three hours and forty-five minutes, during which time the large audience before him never tired at listening, but sat there almost spell-bound drinking in the eloquent words that flowed spontaneously from his lips. This is the first time Mr. Lamar ever spoke here, and many of our people had never seen him, but now that they have seen and heard him we do not believe there is a corporal's guard anywhere on the coast where he has spoken to condemn or censure him.

A FUSION CANDIDATE.

The news from Harrison county is full of promise and vigor. Hon. D. B. Seal who has represented the people of his county with eminent ability in the past, and to-day supporting the King ticket, will probably run as State senator with many assurances of success. The gulf breeze that blows over good old Harrison wafts its glad tidings. It says dissentions and bitter feuds among our enemies, and compact and patriotic organization among the friends of liberty.—*Jackson Crisis.*

From the above which we take from the Greenback organ of the Fusion party in this State, it will be seen that Hon. Elliot Henderson,

THE LOCAL PAPER.

The columns of a paper are the publisher's stock in trade, and the parties who ask us to use them for their special benefit must expect to pay for the same, and we hope that all parties will, after due consideration, view the matter in the proper light. Every public-spirited citizen of a place should have pride in seeing his own town and the surrounding country improve. Every new house or barn in the surrounding country; every new fence, road, or shade tree; every new manufacturing establishment erected; every new business opened, enhances the value of property in our midst.

Every honest, reflecting mind knows this to be true, and you should not forget that the local newspaper adds much to the general wealth and prosperity of the place, as well as increases the reputation of the town abroad. It benefits all who have business in the place, enhances the value of property, besides being a public convenience, even if not conducted in the interest of the ruling political power. If its columns are not [illegible] with brilliant editorials, still it benefits you in many ways. It increases trade, it cautions against imposition, it saves you from loss, it warns you of danger, it points out different advantages and increases your profits. Now, if you want such a paper you must support it by advertising your business in it; assist in increasing its circulation by getting your neighbors to subscribe with you for it. If you want such a paper you must not consider it an act of charity to support it, but as a means to increase your own wealth as well as that of the place in which you live. The local press is the power that moves the people; therefore, support it by advertising and subscribing and paying for it.

NOT A CANDIDATE.

We made a visit to Mississippi City and Handsboro last Monday, and had the pleasure of meeting with many friends and acquaintances in our sister county. Among others we met Dr. A. K. Northrop, the present efficient sheriff of Harrison, and during a short talk with him he gave us assurances that he would not be an independent candidate in the coming election. He also wrote us the next day to the same effect, and further stated, that, although he had been wronged and badly treated, he would not only not be a candidate

of that State will [illegible]
tionable [illegible]
[illegible]
he has at his command [illegible]
for wisdom and prudence, [illegible]
reputation of which any [illegible]
proud. Some of the names [illegible]
position to Mr. Lamar for h[illegible]
senate belong to gentlemen [illegible]
tionable sagacity and under[illegible]
stances we would be glad [illegible]
honored by occupying this [illegible]
position. Just at this junctu[illegible]
Mr. Lamar can effect more [illegible]
than any new man can do, ho[illegible]
cendent his ability. We tru[illegible]
people of Mississippi will [illegible]
returned to his place in the U[illegible]
senate.

A WASHINGTON corr[illegible]
of the Baltimore *Sun* [illegible]
when President Arthur [illegible]
oath of office and kisse[illegible]
Bible held before him b[illegible]
Kenney, the clerk of th[illegible]
court, his lips fell on th[illegible]
second verses of thirty-fi[illegible]
which are as follows: "
O Lord, do I put my tru[illegible]
never be ashamed; deli[illegible]
Thy righteousness." "B[illegible]
Thine ear to me; deliver m[illegible]
ly; be Thou my strong ro[illegible]
house of defense to save m[illegible]
be hoped he will take hee[illegible]
verses, and be a good Pre[illegible]

A SPECIAL dispatch fr[illegible]
son, Miss., to the New
Democrat, dated the 27th
that Joe Thomas, who i[illegible]
with the murder of Char[illegible]
phy, editor of the Deer
Advance, at Rolling Fork,
county, Miss., about the 1[illegible]
gust, was brought there
29th by Sheriff Daniels,
umbia county, Ark., and
over to Sheriff Morrison,
county. Sundry rewards,
[illegible]760, were offered
arrest.

PRESIDENT Garfield wa[illegible]
at Cleveland, Ohio, last
The day was observed in
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States. Stores were clo[illegible]
business was suspened
vices held in the different ch[illegible]
In New Orleans there w[illegible]
thousand people in line,
day was rigidly observed.

WE do not believe there
an independent ticket put
Jackson county. Our De[illegible]
fellow-citizens have too muc[illegible]
to countenance any such di[illegible]
Every man must stand sol[illegible]
wish to put down Radicali[illegible]
elect home rulers.

THERE is no use to att[illegible]
disguise the fact. The we[illegible]
telligence and refinement

6-18-1915
D-5
M.A. Dees

SHOP OF QUALITY

M. A. Dees, Sr. Dies Suddenly In Ohio

M. A. Dees, Sr., father of Mayor T. M. Dees and M. A. Dees, Jr., of this city and six daughter, died Monday morning at Akron, Ohio, where he has been residing for some time.

For several years Mr. Dees has been devoting himself to the study of automobile tires and inventing and patenting devices along that line, and for business reasons has spent most of his time in the north away from his immediate family.

Mr. Dees has achieved considerable success as an inventor. Only a month or so ago he sent a check to his son, Mayor T. M. Dees, here, for $10,000.00 the price of the sale of a patent on an auto tire, to be divided among the members of the family.

At the time of his death he was in the act of disposing of other patents at good good figures, and if he had been spared a few years longer, might have accomplished much along that line.

Mrs. Dees who makes her home at Lubbock, was visiting her children here the past two weeks, but left Saturday night to visit another daughter at Putnam, at which place she was informed of her husband's death, and hastened back for the funeral.

The first intimation of his illness came in a telegram Sunday morning saying that he was dying. Mayor T. M. Dees left that evening but did not reach Akron till after he had died. The remains are being shipped to this place for burial, and are due to reach here tomorrow or tomorrow night. Interment will be tomorrow evening or Saturday morning.

Our people have never been personally acquainted with the elder Dees, but have been so intimately acquainted and associated with other members of the family, that we feel it as we would a personal bereavement, and deeply sympathize with the surviving family.—Midlothian, Texas, News.

State Convention C. K. of A.

The annual convention of the Catholic Knights of America of Mississippi, was held at Pass Christian this week, and the delegates had a splendid time, receiving a great deal of attention and being pleasantly entertained.

After the work of the convention was over the following State officers were elected:

J. T. McDonald, of Pass Christian, were elected president; V. P. DeJean, of Pascagoula, vice president; Jos Grill of Natchez, secretary, and W. Wolfley, of Jackson, treasurer.

Next convention will be held at Bay St. Louis.—Coast Beacon.

To Prevent Blood Poisoning
Apply at once the wonderful old reliable DR. PORTER'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL, a surgical dressing that relieves pain and heals at the same time. Not a liniment. 25c, 50c, $1.00

"Dodson's Sluggi...
Calomel ... day's work ... it salivates ... If you ... and all ... constipated ... stomach ... harmless ... of using ... Dodson's ... cine. You'll ... cause you will ... your liver will ... ache and ... will be ... will feel ... ful; full ...

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A Wonder...
With every $2.00 CASH PURCHASE ...
FREE one State Souvenir Silver Spoon with a ...

Pascagoula Public Library
Local History & Genealogy Department
Dees #3 Family History

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Anderson Park Casino in the delightful, romantic drama, "Graustark." Mr. Herbert Brenon, the young actor-manager, and Miss Helen Downing, who have just closed a long engagement at the Chicago Opera House, are the only original members of last season's company. Mr. Herbert Brenon will play "Lory Grenfel," the hero.

Miss Marie de Beau, the new leading lady, who comes from New York, is a vivacious and charming young lady of French extraction, will be the beautiful "Princess Yetive."

Mr. Frank Chapman of the Alcazar Theater, San Francisco, is heavy man.

Mr. John Vilasana, leading juvenile, is a well-known delineator of Mexican characters.

Mr. Clarence Oliver, a clever comedian, has been at the Auditorium Theater, Kansas City, for the past two years, will give some specialties, and his character work cannot fail to render him a great favorite.

Miss Helen Downing will play the "Countess Dagmar."

The play will be beautifully costumed and special scenery painted for this and all productions by Mr. Edward Booman.

Remember, "Graustark" next Monday and Tuesday; "The Private Secretary," Wednesday and Thursday, and "Sheridan Keene, Detective," Friday and Saturday.

Seat sale opens at Young's drug store, Saturday, May 4th, at 7 a.m.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

Scranton, Miss., April 22, 1907.

Dear Sir—If for any cause I should not have an opportunity of personally soliciting your vote and valuable influence, I trust you will accept this written request in lieu thereof, and do what you can to honor me with the pleasure of representing you in the Legislature, where I will serve our people in my measures with energy and to the best of my ability, and where I will continue my life's work in efforts to make of Pascagoula the best seaport in the South, and Panama Canal outlet for great railroad systems, and make of Jackson, commercially, the banner county of Mississippi. The successful consummation of this (my life's hope and dream) is certainly the PARAMOUNT ISSUE confronting the people today. And if you believe that my long services in this work have fitted me for continued efforts, I trust you will lay aside any differences we may have on minor questions and heartily give me your vote and valuable influence.

Hopefully yours,
M. A. DEES.

May 3, 1907. 13-1t

SPRING TERM, CIRCUIT COURT.

This court convened on Monday, April 22d, the 3d Monday of the month, with Judge W. H. Hardy presiding; Hon. B. P. Harrison, district attorney, and Mr. Fra Taylor, Clerk. All these officers were present efficiently discharging their respective duties.

The following cases were disposed of and the court adjourned Saturday at 12 m.:

Thomas Stigletts v. Mary Blanchard. Continued by consent.

G. M. Luce v. Sidney S. Bond. Continued by consent.

H. Lochte & Co., Ltd., v. M. M. Watkins. Continued.

Mary M. O'Neal v. John Maples. Continued.

Christian & Craft Co. v. A. T. & F. McLeod. Dismissed at plaintiffs' cost.

J. W. Zink v. William Howell. Continued.

Mrs. Fannie Cox v. L. & N. R. R. Co. Continued.

G. N. Carter v. H. E. Roberts. Continued.

S. Co. Motion for security of costs; sustained.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. New Orleans Naval Stores Co. Continued.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. Finkbine Lumber Co. Continued.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. A. T. Finch. Continued.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. L. N. Dantzler Lumber Co. Continued.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. J. L. Dantzler, et. als. Continued.

A. L. Staples, Receiver, v. M. M. Watkins. Judgment by default for $603.20 and costs.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. J. C. Orrell and A. F. Cochran. Judgment for plaintiff by consent.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. Mrs. Sarah J. Brown. Judgment for plaintiff by default.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. J. C. Orrell and D. Fairley. Judgment for plaintiff by consent.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. F. F. Krohn. Judgment for plaintiff by consent.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. J. H. Havens. Judgment for plaintiff by default.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. S. H. Dickens. Judgment for plaintiff by default.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. J. W. Mead et al. Continued.

Delta & Pine Land Co. vs. L. N. Dantzler Lumber C. Continued.

Delta & Pine Land Co. vs. Jos. Flurry et als. Continued.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. L. N. Dantzler Lumber Co. Continued.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. Vancleave Lumber Co. Continued.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. L. N. Dantzler Lumber Co. Continued.

Delta & Pine Land Co. v. Farnsworth Lumber Co. Continued.

A. G. Chastant v. Mrs. H. Dutch. Dismissed at defendant's cost.

Continental Jewelry Co. v. R. A. Roberts. Continued.

[redacted] & Pine Land Co. v. H. [redacted] Continued.

[redacted] & Pine Land Co. v. R. A. Roberts. Continued.

C. H. Wood et al. v. P. E. Blumer. Dismissed at plaintiff's cost.

Jackson County v. G. W. Cooper et al. Defendants allowed 60 days in which to plead.

Jackson County v. Steede & Graham. Defendants allowed 60 days in which to plead.

Jackson County v. C. J. Phillips et al. Defendants allowed 60 days in which to plead.

Southern Hardware Co. v. Hurley Lumber Co. Defendants allowed 60 days in which to plead.

Whitney Central National Co. v. E. Mitchell et. als. Judgment by default for plaintiff for $3357.34 and costs.

Richardson Bros. Shoe Co. v. Cochran & McEachern. Judgment by default for plaintiff for $231 and costs.

New Orleans National Bank v. A. P. Cassils & J. A. Hatlestad. Judgment by default for plaintiff for $3,080.80 and costs.

A. H. George & Co. v. N. R. R. Co. Jury verdict for plaintiff for $987 69 and costs.

Alvin O'Pry, Assignee, v. Boyett & Miller. Jury verdict for defendant.

T. C. & J. E. Gatti v. City of Pascagoula. Jury verdict for plaintiff for $100 and costs.

Court sustained motion to set aside verdict in case of T. C. Gatti and new trial granted.

Alfred Hillet Co., Ltd., v. R. A. and A. L. Roberts. Dismissed at defendants' costs.

McLeod & Dantzler v. J. W. Hellon. Jury and verdict for plaintiff for $131.55.

Claude Delmas v. Pascagoula Street Railway & Power Co. Dismissed at plaintiff's cost.

Wm. Howell v. R. M. McLeod, et al. Judgment for plaintiff for $15 and cost.

Smith Bros. v. Mrs. Carrie Smith. Judgment for plaintiff for $930.

R. A. Roberts v. L. & N. R. R. Co. Judgment for plaintiff for possession of property

O. T. Cassibry v. Wm. Chwart. Continued by consent.

L. and R. Rosarge v. A. J. Welch

Furniture on Installments
—AND—
Repairs All Kinds of Furniture and Sewing Machines.
You can find us on
KREBS AVE. - - SCRANTON, MISS.
May 3-07. 13-4t.

My Confessions.

Port of Pascagoula,
Scranton, Miss., May 3, 1907.
MR. W. G. TEBAULT,
(The Author),
217-223 Royal Street,
New Orleans, La.
Dear Mr. Tebault:
I have read your series of confessions with great interest, and shall take very great pleasure in reading future compositions.
Very truly yours,
MRS. J. A. M. F.

Rest upon a beautiful Rattan Couch at
$5.50
Sold elsewhere at $7.50.
Some very useful Tables at
75c, $1, $1.50
Extraordinary bargains at these prices.
Have just bought one thousand Bureaus which we will sell at
$2.90 each
W. G. TEBAULT,
THE AUTHOR,
217-223 Royal Street,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
March 15-07. 6-3m

CANDIDATES

On the second Tuesday of November, 1907, a general election will be held in the State for Governor and all State, district, county and beat officers.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
SECOND DISTRICT.
We are authorized to announce
HON. B. P. HARRISON,
of Greene county as a candidate for re-election to the office of district attorney of the Second Circuit Court judicial district, subject to the Democratic primary in August.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.
We are authorized to announce
HON. W. D. BULLARD
as a candidate for Representative of Jackson County in the Lower House of the Legislature, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce
MARK A. DEES
as a candidate for Representative of Jackson County in the Lower House of the Legislature, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

FOR FLOATER REPRESENTATIVE.
We are authorized to announce
L. H. DOTY, of Biloxi,
as a candidate for Floater Representative from Harrison and Jackson Counties, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

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Republican Square

Today's I.G. Levy Park area named by staunch Democrat for GOP president

By REGINA HINES
Mississippi Press Staff

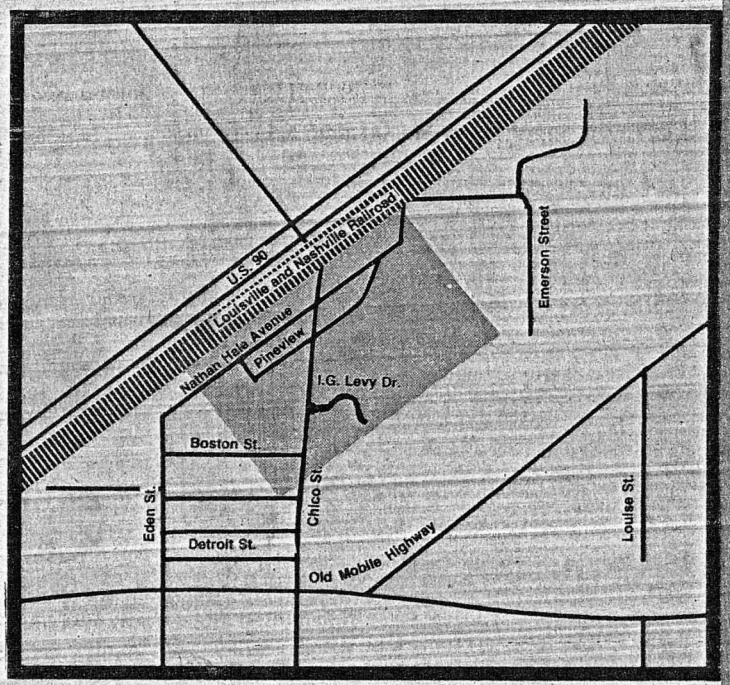
People living around Pascagoula's I.G. Levy Park today don't know it, but if their homes had been there 100 years ago they would have been in the short-lived town of Republican Square.

Ironically, Republican Square was a community planned about 1890 by a prominent Jackson Countian named Mark Ashley Dees, who was known as a staunch Democrat. But there was a Republican in the White House, Benjamin Harrison of Indiana, and Dees, the politician that he was, had learned that sometimes it is best to go along with the flow.

Jackson Countians were first told about the existence of such a

See OUR TOWN..... Page 2-A ▶

Our Towns
Exploring Southeast Mississippi communities
One in a series



Republican Square

Democrat Star.

This was the era when Republican Benjamin Harrison was in the midst of his presidency.

"Mr. M.A. Dees has laid off a new town which he has named Republican Square. It is situated two and one-half miles from Moss Point and two miles from Scranton on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. The avenues are Utah, Brigham Young, Joe Smith and Salt Lake. The streets are Blaine, Harrison, Ingalls and Reed. A lot is donated for a Mormon Church in the southwestern part of town," the newspaper said.

"The population is principally colored and in politics, principally Republicans, with Mormon tendencies. What will be the outcome of the new town, no one knows." Little is known about what happened to the dreams of a place called Republic Square. The only certainty is that it never materialized to Dees' expectations.

Civil engineer and surveyor Burton Goode, the son of wealthy sawmill owner Garland Goode, prepared Republican Square's plat on Dec. 27, 1890, and it can be found in Jackson County's land records. Dees, who owned much of the land in the vicinity, had the town laid out in 16 two and one-half acre lots along the railroad in a place often called Moss Point Junction. Republican Square stretched between today's Nathan Hale Avenue, south to the west end of I.G. Levy Drive. It probably included the area from Basswood Street on the west to the lake area of I.G. Levy Park to the east.

The plat shows that today's Nathan Hale is in the approximate location of a street that was to have been called Eutaw, or Utah, Street.

the 1870s. By 1890 he and his wife, Annie Starkley Hill, began selling and developing the land and decided to plan a town called Republican Square.

Coincidentally, in keeping with its political theme, one of the first landowners was named George A. Washington.

Dees, was born in 1846 in the Forts Lake area and was the son of Calvin Dees and Mary Charlotte Tippins. When he was 33 years old, he bought the Pascagoula Democrat Star from M.B. Richmond and edited the paper for six years until he was succeeded by P.K. Mayers. In the 1890s, Dees entered the political arena, serving in the Legislature as representative of Harrison and Jackson counties in 1896-98 and in 1908 and 1910.

But he should also be remembered as the man who is responsible for renaming the section of Jackson County around Pascagoula's depot, Scranton. It was during these attempts that Dees learned that it helped to be a Republican during a Republican administration and may have given birth to the idea of one day naming a place Republican Square.

A letter Dees wrote to the local newspaper explained the situation. He said that after the railroad was built in the late 1870s and mail was coming on the trains, he tried to get the Pascagoula postmaster M.S.W. Dodson — a Republican, by the way — to move the post office near the depot, instead of near the water, which was formerly the main way of carrying the mail.

When this failed, he tried to get another post office in addition to Pascagoula's along the bay which was a distance away from the station. "I called the chief clerk of the post office department

the young man who had charge of this division of the post office department. This young man knew Mr. Dodson as a good Republican, and asked me if I, or any of my co-petitioners, were Republicanms. I plead not guilty!" Dees explained. But times changed. Then C.H. Alley, who was active in county government, began "sleeping in the Republican camp," and the next application, naming Alley as postmaster, was approved.

The railroad station was known as East Pascagoula, but the federal regulations preferred a name that did not sound like Pascagoula. Alley, who liked the name Farragut, asked Dees for his advice. As the train that would take the papers to Washington was roaring down the tracks, Dees said he told Alley, "Let us name it Scranton, whereupon Mr. Alley wrote the name, Scranton, and put the papers in the mailcar."

Eventually the place was called Scranton and it became the county seat, remaining Scranton until the early 1900s when it again became Pascagoula.

The Deeses first sold a quarter section that today includes the avenues from Boston to Detroit to Adam Blumer of Moss Point, but excluded the Republican Square property.

They sold 280 acres in two separate areas to Mailley and Gillane Grocery Company of New Orleans, but whether they ever used any of the land for business purposes is unknown.

After the platting of Republican Square, they sold two lots fronting the railroad between Eutaw and Brigham to a man called George A. Washington.

Little is known about Washington, other than suits involving the property that were in and out of chancery court for years. It seemed that in 1893, three years after Washington bought the lots in Republican Square, he used the land as collateral in a $25 promissory note to buy a brown horse from C.P. Barreda of Brownsville, Texas. In the meanwhile, Washington sold the land to Charles Walker, but the deed making the sale official was never filed and Washington died shortly after, leaving no heirs.

Barreda filed suit in 1896 to get the land, citing that Washington still owed him money for the horse. He later learned that the land was in the possession of Charles Walker's widow, Placide Walker, and her children, because Walker had died in the July 1896. Because of the confusing nature of the case and lack of documentation of land ownership, the case continued into the early 1900s, before the Walker heirs were finally awarded possesion of the property.

By then, Republican Square was a remnant of the distant past. President Harrison was defeated in a second bid for office in 1892 and Democrat Grover Cleveland returned to the White House for the next four years. Dees continued to sell land and be active in government, but there was no mention of his long-forgotten town, Republican Square, among his list of accomplishments.